AN ISO 9001 : 2015 CERTIFIED COMPANY

Detailed project report
Sample edition
Projections from FY 2027-28

Project report

Methyl Methacrylate

Installed capacity 8.6 MT per day
Sector Specialty chemicals
Total project cost ₹1,387.47 lakh

Illustrative sample
Figures are representative

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Project at a glance

Methyl Methacrylate
8.6 MT per day

Product	**Methyl Methacrylate**	Sector	**Specialty chemicals**
Installed capacity	**8.6 MT per day**	Annual capacity	**2,838 MT per year**
Selling price (ex-GST)	**₹1,32,000 per MT**	Working days	**330 a year**
Manpower	**77 people**	Plant and machinery	**₹695.48 lakh**
Total project cost	**₹1,387.47 lakh**	Promoter's contribution	**₹346.87 lakh (25%)**
Term loan	**₹1,040.60 lakh (75%)**	Cash credit limit	**₹262.01 lakh**
Revenue, Year 3	**₹2,622.31 lakh at 70%**	Net profit, Year 3	**₹231.34 lakh**
Return on investment	**16.7% a year**	Break-even, Year 3	**44.0% of capacity**
Average DSCR	**1.55**	Payback period	**4.2 years**

> This is an illustrative sample. Its figures are generated from industry-typical ratios to show the format and depth of an NPCS project report. They are not taken from any NPCS report or any real project, and should not be used for investment or lending decisions.

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Illustrative sample

1 Introduction

The project modelled here is a unit producing methyl methacrylate in the specialty chemicals sector, sized at 8.6 MT per day. Working 330 days a year, the plant can turn out 2,838 MT per year at full capacity. The product's applications range from acrylic sheets and PMMA moulding granules to dental and medical acrylics.

The sections that follow show how such a unit would be costed and financed, and how its profit, cash flow and loan repayment would look over the first five years. At 70% capacity utilisation in Year 3, the model unit earns revenue of ₹2,622.31 lakh and a net profit of ₹231.34 lakh.

2 Uses and applications

Demand for the product comes mainly from the following uses:

- Acrylic sheets and PMMA moulding granules
- Acrylic emulsions for paints and surface coatings
- Adhesives, sealants and resins
- Impact modifiers and processing aids for PVC
- Dental and medical acrylics

3 Market potential

Demand for methyl methacrylate comes mainly from acrylic sheet and PMMA granule makers, followed by emulsion polymer producers who supply paints, coatings and adhesives. Many buyers in India source monomer through importers and traders, so a local plant competes on landed cost, steady supply of inhibited monomer and shorter lead times. Buyers approve a supplier only after trial lots meet their purity, acidity and colour specifications.

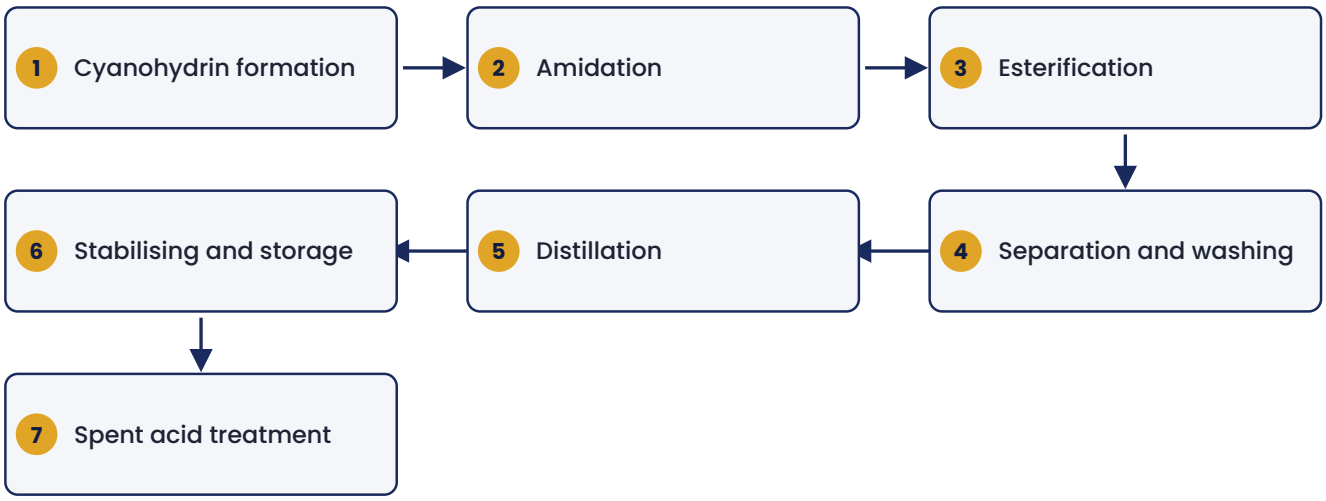
Typical buyers include acrylic sheet and PMMA granule makers, emulsion polymer and paint producers, adhesive and sealant makers, PVC additive and impact modifier makers, dental and medical acrylic makers, and chemical traders and distributors.

A full NPCS report adds a market survey with present demand, expected growth and the names and addresses of existing manufacturers, worked out for the location you choose.

Illustrative sampl

4 Manufacturing process

Production of methyl methacrylate follows seven main steps, from cyanohydrin formation to spent acid treatment. The flow chart shows how material moves through the plant.



Process flow for methyl methacrylate

1. **Cyanohydrin formation.** Acetone reacts with hydrogen cyanide over a basic catalyst at low temperature to form acetone cyanohydrin.
2. **Amidation.** Acetone cyanohydrin is mixed with concentrated sulphuric acid and heated to form methacrylamide sulphate.
3. **Esterification.** The amide mixture reacts with methanol and water to give crude methyl methacrylate and spent acid.
4. **Separation and washing.** Crude monomer is separated from the acid layer and washed to remove methanol and acid traces.
5. **Distillation.** Light ends and heavy residues are removed in vacuum columns to give monomer of 99.9 percent purity.
6. **Stabilising and storage.** Inhibitor is dosed into the finished monomer, which is held in cooled tanks and filled into drums or tankers.
7. **Spent acid treatment.** The ammonium bisulphate and acid stream is recovered or converted so it does not leave the plant as effluent.

Illustrative sampl

5 Raw materials

Raw materials account for 53.6% of sales at Year 3 volumes, a total of ₹1,406.61 lakh, with acetone the biggest item in the mix.

Raw material	Share of cost	Year 3 cost (₹ lakh)
Acetone	42.0%	590.78
Hydrogen cyanide	28.0%	393.85
Sulphuric acid and oleum	14.0%	196.93
Methanol	12.0%	168.79
Polymerisation inhibitor and catalysts	4.0%	56.26
Total raw materials	**100.0%**	**1,406.61**

6 Plant and machinery

Plant and machinery for the model unit is estimated at ₹695.48 lakh, before the contingency allowance. The distillation columns with vacuum system is the largest single item. A full NPCS report adds specifications and supplier names for each machine.

Machinery and equipment	Indicative cost (₹ lakh)
Acetone cyanohydrin reactor system	111.28
Amidation reactor with acid handling	104.32
Esterification reactor and phase separator	90.41
Distillation columns with vacuum system	139.10
Spent acid recovery unit	83.46
Refrigerated storage tanks with inhibitor dosing	55.64
Vent scrubber and effluent treatment plant	55.64
Gas chromatograph and QC laboratory	20.86
Chillers, cooling tower and boiler	34.77
Total plant and machinery	**695.48**

7 Land, building and utilities

Land and site development is taken at ₹127.34 lakh and building and civil works at ₹286.54 lakh. Other fixed assets, including electrification, furniture, testing equipment and power backup, add ₹109.96 lakh. Land rates vary widely by location, so these are the figures most likely to change in a real project.

Utilities in Year 3 cost ₹176.61 lakh for power and fuel, or 6.7% of sales. The plant also needs a reliable water supply for cleaning and domestic use, and for the process where required.

Illustrative sample

8 Manpower

The unit employs 77 people. Wages and salaries come to ₹174.78 lakh in Year 1 and are assumed to rise by 5% a year.

Category	Number	Monthly wage (₹)	Annual cost (₹ lakh)
Management, supervision and administration	12	32,500	46.80
Skilled workers and operators	27	20,500	66.42
Semi-skilled and unskilled workers	38	13,500	61.56
Total (Year 1)	**77**		**174.78**

9 Licences and approvals

A unit of this kind typically needs the following registrations and approvals. Requirements vary by state and by the exact product, so confirm them with the local authorities before applying.

- Udyam (MSME) registration
- GST registration
- Consent to establish and consent to operate from the State Pollution Control Board
- Factory licence or registration under the applicable labour law, where the workforce threshold applies
- Fire safety NOC, where required
- Trade licence from the local body
- Indian Standard IS 17982 (2022) for methyl methacrylate as the quality reference
- Listed as a hazardous chemical in Schedule 1 of the Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989
- Environmental clearance under item 5(f) of the EIA Notification 2006 for synthetic organic chemicals

Illustrative sample

10 Project cost and means of finance

Project cost is estimated at ₹1,387.47 lakh, including fixed assets of ₹1,268.42 lakh and margin money for working capital of ₹87.34 lakh.

Cost of project	₹ lakh
Land and site development	127.34
Building and civil works	286.54
Plant and machinery	695.48
Other fixed assets (electrification, furniture, lab equipment, DG set)	109.96
Contingencies	49.10
Preliminary and pre-operative expenses	31.71
Margin money for working capital	87.34
Total cost of project	**1,387.47**

Means of finance

Funding follows a 75:25 split between bank loan and promoter's contribution, with a term loan of ₹1,040.60 lakh and promoter funds of ₹346.87 lakh. The bank also provides a cash credit limit of ₹262.01 lakh for working capital.

Source of funds	₹ lakh
Promoter's contribution (25%)	346.87
Term loan from bank (75%)	1,040.60
Total means of finance	**1,387.47**
Cash credit limit for working capital (separate)	*262.01*

Illustrative sample

11 Working capital

Working capital is worked out from holding periods: 30 days of raw material, 15 days of finished goods and 45 days of credit to customers, less 30 days of credit from suppliers. In Year 1 the requirement is ₹349.35 lakh. The bank funds ₹262.01 lakh through cash credit and the promoter's margin covers ₹87.34 lakh.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Raw material stock (30 days)	99.10	107.35	115.61	123.87	132.13
Work in progress (3 days)	12.59	13.59	14.60	15.61	16.62
Finished goods (15 days)	67.77	73.15	78.54	83.95	89.39
Trade receivables (45 days)	277.11	300.21	323.30	346.39	369.48
Total current assets	**456.57**	**494.30**	**532.05**	**569.82**	**607.62**
Less: trade creditors (30 days)	107.22	116.15	125.09	134.02	142.96
Working capital requirement	**349.35**	**378.15**	**406.96**	**435.80**	**464.66**

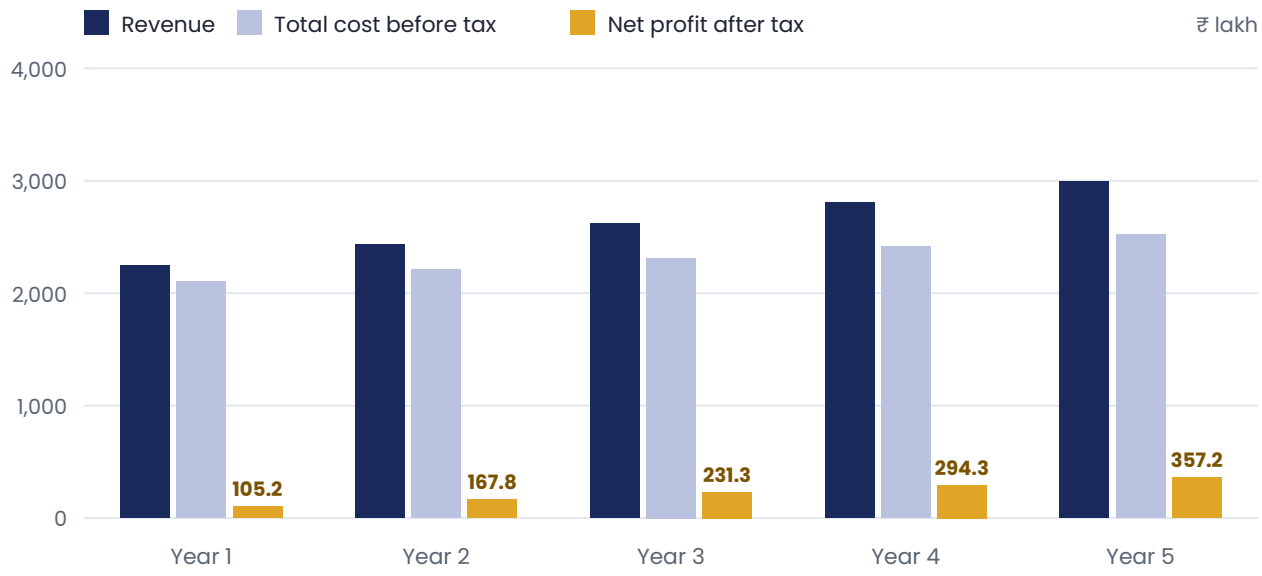
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12 Projected profitability

Revenue grows from ₹2,247.70 lakh in Year 1, at 60% utilisation, to ₹2,996.93 lakh in Year 5 at 80%. Net profit rises from ₹105.25 lakh to ₹357.23 lakh over the same period, an average net margin of 8.6%.

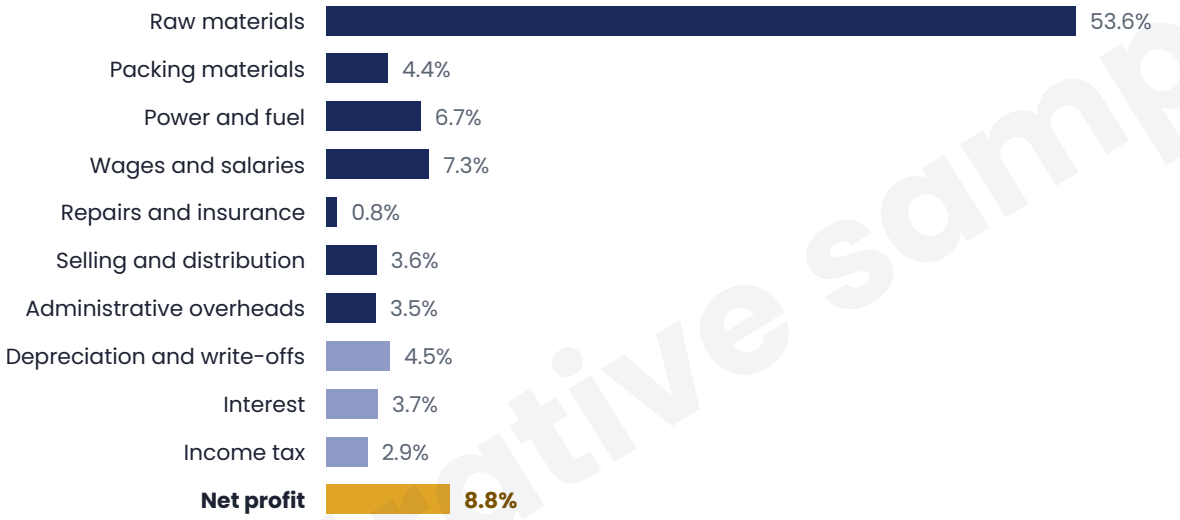
Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Capacity utilisation (%)	*60%*	*65%*	*70%*	*75%*	*80%*
Revenue from operations	**2,247.70**	**2,435.00**	**2,622.31**	**2,809.62**	**2,996.93**
Raw materials consumed	1,205.67	1,306.13	1,406.61	1,507.08	1,607.55
Packing materials	98.83	107.07	115.30	123.54	131.78
Power and fuel	151.38	164.00	176.61	189.23	201.84
Wages and salaries	174.78	183.52	192.69	202.33	212.45
Repairs and maintenance	13.91	14.61	15.34	16.10	16.91
Insurance	4.56	4.56	4.56	4.56	4.56
Cost of production	**1,649.13**	**1,779.89**	**1,911.11**	**2,042.84**	**2,175.09**
Gross profit	**598.57**	**655.11**	**711.20**	**766.78**	**821.84**
Selling and distribution expenses	80.87	87.61	94.35	101.09	107.83
Administrative overheads	84.33	88.54	92.97	97.62	102.50
Operating profit (EBITDA)	**433.37**	**478.96**	**523.88**	**568.07**	**611.51**
Depreciation	150.63	130.09	112.42	97.22	84.13
Preliminary expenses written off	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.35
Interest on term loan	107.25	90.00	67.84	43.23	15.90
Interest on cash credit	28.82	28.82	28.82	28.82	28.82
Profit before tax	**140.33**	**223.71**	**308.46**	**392.46**	**476.31**
Income tax	35.08	55.93	77.12	98.12	119.08
Profit after tax	**105.25**	**167.78**	**231.34**	**294.34**	**357.23**

Illustrative sample



Revenue, total cost before tax and net profit after tax, ₹ lakh

Where each rupee of sales goes in Year 3



Each cost head as a percentage of Year 3 sales

Illustrative sampl

13 Cash flow statement

Cash generated from profit and depreciation covers the term loan repayments in every year. The closing cash balance builds up to ₹606.23 lakh by the end of Year 5.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Sources of funds					
Promoter's contribution	346.87	–	–	–	–
Term loan from bank	1,040.60	–	–	–	–
Cash credit (working capital) from bank	262.01	–	–	–	–
Net profit after tax	105.25	167.78	231.34	294.34	357.23
Depreciation	150.63	130.09	112.42	97.22	84.13
Preliminary expenses written off	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.35
Increase in trade creditors	107.22	8.93	8.94	8.93	8.94
Total sources	**2,018.92**	**313.14**	**359.04**	**406.83**	**456.65**
Application of funds					
Fixed assets	1,268.42	–	–	–	–
Preliminary and pre-operative expenses	31.71	–	–	–	–
Increase in inventories	179.46	14.63	14.66	14.68	14.71
Increase in trade receivables	277.11	23.10	23.09	23.09	23.09
Repayment of term loan	92.96	201.15	223.31	247.93	275.25
Drawings	–	–	–	–	–
Total application	1,849.66	238.88	261.06	285.70	313.05
Net cash flow	**169.26**	**74.26**	**97.98**	**121.13**	**143.60**
Opening cash balance	–	169.26	243.52	341.50	462.63
Closing cash balance	**169.26**	**243.52**	**341.50**	**462.63**	**606.23**

Illustrative sample

14 Projected balance sheet

The projected balance sheet balances in every year. Net worth grows from ₹426.75 lakh at the end of Year 1 to ₹1,502.81 lakh at the end of Year 5, while the term loan outstanding falls from ₹947.64 lakh to nil.

As at year end (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Liabilities					
Promoter's capital	346.87	346.87	346.87	346.87	346.87
Reserves and surplus	105.25	273.03	504.37	798.71	1,155.94
Term loan	947.64	746.49	523.18	275.25	–
Cash credit from bank	262.01	262.01	262.01	262.01	262.01
Trade creditors	107.22	116.15	125.09	134.02	142.96
Total liabilities	**1,768.99**	**1,744.55**	**1,761.52**	**1,816.86**	**1,907.78**
Assets					
Gross fixed assets	1,268.42	1,268.42	1,268.42	1,268.42	1,268.42
Less: accumulated depreciation	(150.63)	(280.72)	(393.14)	(490.36)	(574.49)
Net fixed assets	**1,117.79**	**987.70**	**875.28**	**778.06**	**693.93**
Preliminary expenses not written off	25.37	19.03	12.69	6.35	–
Inventories	179.46	194.09	208.75	223.43	238.14
Trade receivables	277.11	300.21	323.30	346.39	369.48
Cash and bank balance	169.26	243.52	341.50	462.63	606.23
Total assets	**1,768.99**	**1,744.55**	**1,761.52**	**1,816.86**	**1,907.78**

Illustrative sample

15 Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on the written-down value method at Income Tax Act rates: 10% on building, 15% on plant and machinery and 10% on other fixed assets. Land is not depreciated, and preliminary expenses are written off over five years.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Building and civil works (cost ₹300.87 lakh, 10% WDV)					
Opening written-down value	300.87	270.78	243.70	219.33	197.40
Depreciation	30.09	27.08	24.37	21.93	19.74
Closing written-down value	**270.78**	**243.70**	**219.33**	**197.40**	**177.66**
Plant and machinery (cost ₹730.25 lakh, 15% WDV)					
Opening written-down value	730.25	620.71	527.60	448.46	381.19
Depreciation	109.54	93.11	79.14	67.27	57.18
Closing written-down value	**620.71**	**527.60**	**448.46**	**381.19**	**324.01**
Other fixed assets (cost ₹109.96 lakh, 10% WDV)					
Opening written-down value	109.96	98.96	89.06	80.15	72.13
Depreciation	11.00	9.90	8.91	8.02	7.21
Closing written-down value	**98.96**	**89.06**	**80.15**	**72.13**	**64.92**
Total depreciation	**150.63**	**130.09**	**112.42**	**97.22**	**84.13**
Preliminary expenses written off	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.34	6.35

16 Term loan repayment

The term loan of ₹1,040.60 lakh carries interest at 10.5% a year. Only interest is paid during the 6-month moratorium, after which the loan is repaid in 54 equal monthly instalments of ₹24,26,283. The month-by-month schedule is in the annexure.

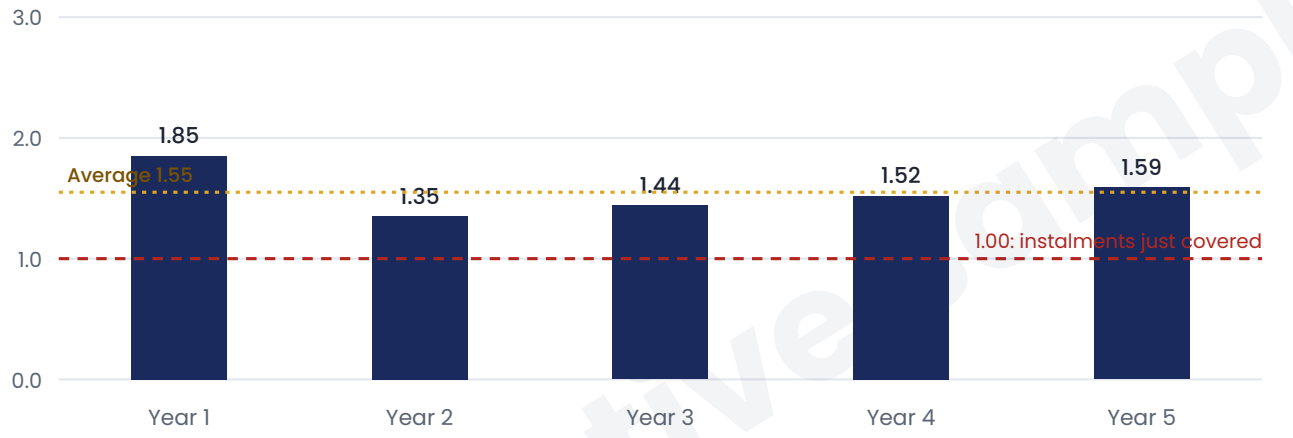
Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Opening balance	1,040.60	947.64	746.49	523.18	275.25
Interest	107.25	90.00	67.84	43.23	15.90
Principal repaid	92.96	201.15	223.31	247.93	275.25
Closing balance	**947.64**	**746.49**	**523.18**	**275.25**	**–**

Illustrative sample

17 Debt service coverage

Cash available for debt service covers the term loan instalments 1.55 times on average, and never less than 1.35 times (Year 2).

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Net profit after tax	105.25	167.78	231.34	294.34	357.23
Depreciation and write-offs	156.97	136.43	118.76	103.56	90.48
Interest on term loan	107.25	90.00	67.84	43.23	15.90
Total available for debt service (A)	**369.47**	**394.21**	**417.94**	**441.13**	**463.61**
Principal repayment	92.96	201.15	223.31	247.93	275.25
Interest on term loan	107.25	90.00	67.84	43.23	15.90
Total debt service (B)	**200.21**	**291.15**	**291.15**	**291.16**	**291.15**
DSCR (A / B)	1.85	1.35	1.44	1.52	1.59



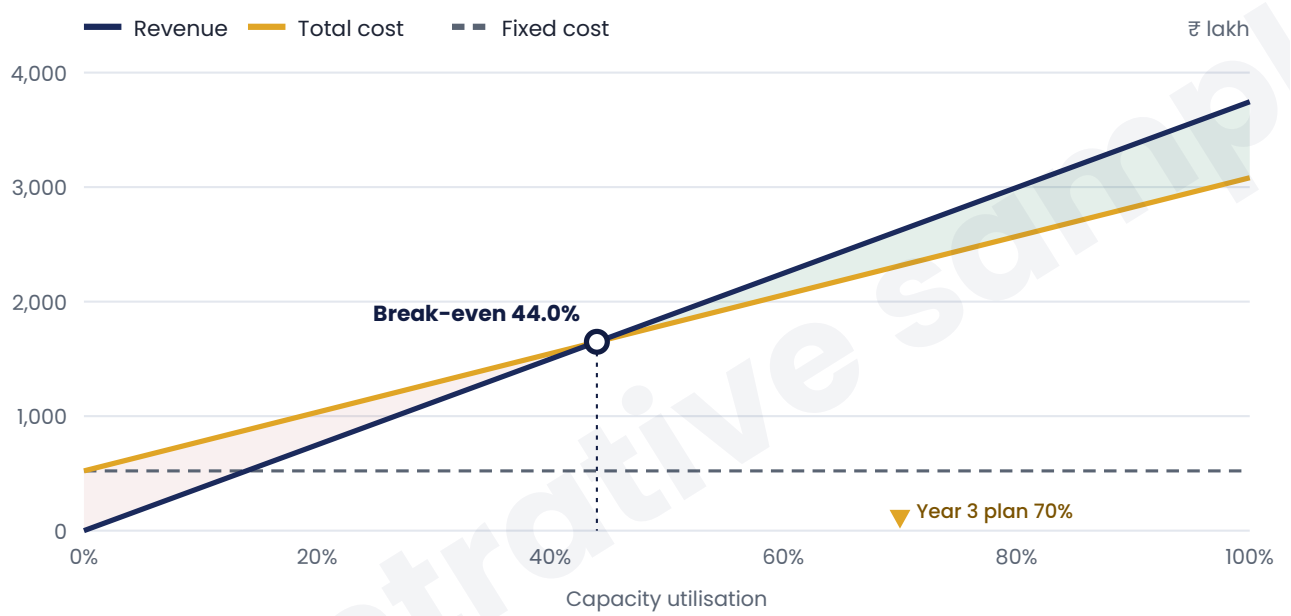
DSCR by year. A ratio above 1.00 means cash accruals cover the term loan instalments.

Illustrative sample

18 Break-even analysis

The unit needs to run at 44% of capacity to break even in Year 3, well below the 70% assumed for that year. Cash break-even, which excludes depreciation and write-offs, is 33.9%.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Revenue from operations	2,247.70	2,435.00	2,622.31	2,809.62	2,996.93
Variable costs	1,536.75	1,664.81	1,792.87	1,920.94	2,049.00
Contribution	**710.95**	**770.19**	**829.44**	**888.68**	**947.93**
Fixed costs (incl. depreciation and interest)	570.62	546.48	520.98	496.22	471.62
Break-even as % of installed capacity	48.2	46.1	44.0	41.9	39.8
Cash break-even as % of installed capacity	34.9	34.6	33.9	33.1	32.2
Break-even sales	1,804.04	1,727.73	1,647.10	1,568.83	1,491.05



Break-even chart at Year 3 prices and costs, scaled to full capacity. Shaded areas show the loss zone (left) and profit zone (right).

Illustrative sample

19 Financial ratios

Liquidity and leverage improve over the projection. The current ratio stays at or above 1.69, while debt-equity drops from 2.22 to zero as the term loan is repaid.

Ratio	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Current ratio	1.69	1.95	2.26	2.61	3.00
Quick ratio	1.21	1.44	1.72	2.04	2.41
Debt-equity ratio (term loan / net worth)	2.22	1.24	0.62	0.24	0.00
Total outside liabilities / net worth	3.09	1.87	1.09	0.59	0.27
Interest coverage ratio	2.03	2.88	4.19	6.45	11.65
DSCR	1.85	1.35	1.44	1.52	1.59
Gross profit margin (%)	26.6	26.9	27.1	27.3	27.4
Operating profit (EBITDA) margin (%)	19.3	19.7	20.0	20.2	20.4
Net profit margin (%)	4.7	6.9	8.8	10.5	11.9
Return on capital employed (%)	16.9	21.3	24.9	27.7	29.5
Break-even (% of installed capacity)	48.2	46.1	44.0	41.9	39.8

20 Key assumptions

- Commercial production starts in April 2027, and all assets are in use from the first year.
- Capacity utilisation of 60% in Year 1, rising to 80% by Year 5, over 330 working days a year.
- Selling price of ₹1,32,000 per MT, excluding GST, held constant through the projection.
- Raw materials at 53.6% of sales, packing materials at 4.4%, power and fuel at 6.7%, and selling and distribution at 3.6%.
- Wages and salaries rise by 5% a year; repairs and administrative overheads rise by 5% a year.
- Working capital based on 30 days of raw material, 3 days of work in progress, 15 days of finished goods and 45 days of receivables, less 30 days of creditors.
- Term loan at 10.5% interest with a 6-month moratorium and 54 monthly instalments; cash credit at 11% on 75% of the working capital requirement.
- Depreciation on the written-down value method at Income Tax Act rates; income tax at a flat 25% of profit for simplicity.
- Contingency of 5% on building and machinery; preliminary and pre-operative expenses written off over five years.
- All amounts in ₹ lakh unless stated otherwise, excluding GST.

Illustrative sample

21 Conclusion

In summary, the sample project needs ₹1,387.47 lakh, breaks even at 44% of capacity in Year 3 and repays its term loan from its own cash flow, with a payback period of about 4.2 years. A report for an actual project replaces these representative figures with local land and building costs, machinery quotations and a market survey for the chosen location.

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This document is a computer-generated illustrative sample. The capacity, prices, costs and projections are representative assumptions for a typical small-scale unit and are not based on any specific project, location or quotation. Statutory requirements change and vary by state. Niir Project Consultancy Services accepts no liability for decisions taken on the basis of this sample.

Illustrative sample

A Annexure: monthly loan repayment schedule

Term loan of ₹1,040.60 lakh at 10.5% a year. Amounts in ₹ lakh.

No.	Month	Opening balance	Interest	Principal	Instalment	Closing balance
1	Apr 2027	1,040.60	9.11	–	9.11	1,040.60
2	May 2027	1,040.60	9.11	–	9.11	1,040.60
3	Jun 2027	1,040.60	9.11	–	9.11	1,040.60
4	Jul 2027	1,040.60	9.11	–	9.11	1,040.60
5	Aug 2027	1,040.60	9.11	–	9.11	1,040.60
6	Sep 2027	1,040.60	9.11	–	9.11	1,040.60
7	Oct 2027	1,040.60	9.11	15.16	24.26	1,025.44
8	Nov 2027	1,025.44	8.97	15.29	24.26	1,010.15
9	Dec 2027	1,010.15	8.84	15.42	24.26	994.73
10	Jan 2028	994.73	8.70	15.56	24.26	979.17
11	Feb 2028	979.17	8.57	15.70	24.26	963.47
12	Mar 2028	963.47	8.43	15.83	24.26	947.64
13	Apr 2028	947.64	8.29	15.97	24.26	931.67
14	May 2028	931.67	8.15	16.11	24.26	915.56
15	Jun 2028	915.56	8.01	16.25	24.26	899.31
16	Jul 2028	899.31	7.87	16.39	24.26	882.91
17	Aug 2028	882.91	7.73	16.54	24.26	866.38
18	Sep 2028	866.38	7.58	16.68	24.26	849.70
19	Oct 2028	849.70	7.43	16.83	24.26	832.87
20	Nov 2028	832.87	7.29	16.98	24.26	815.89
21	Dec 2028	815.89	7.14	17.12	24.26	798.77
22	Jan 2029	798.77	6.99	17.27	24.26	781.49
23	Feb 2029	781.49	6.84	17.42	24.26	764.07
24	Mar 2029	764.07	6.69	17.58	24.26	746.49
25	Apr 2029	746.49	6.53	17.73	24.26	728.76
26	May 2029	728.76	6.38	17.89	24.26	710.88
27	Jun 2029	710.88	6.22	18.04	24.26	692.83
28	Jul 2029	692.83	6.06	18.20	24.26	674.63
29	Aug 2029	674.63	5.90	18.36	24.26	656.27
30	Sep 2029	656.27	5.74	18.52	24.26	637.75
31	Oct 2029	637.75	5.58	18.68	24.26	619.07
32	Nov 2029	619.07	5.42	18.85	24.26	600.22
33	Dec 2029	600.22	5.25	19.01	24.26	581.21
34	Jan 2030	581.21	5.09	19.18	24.26	562.04
35	Feb 2030	562.04	4.92	19.35	24.26	542.69
36	Mar 2030	542.69	4.75	19.51	24.26	523.18
37	Apr 2030	523.18	4.58	19.69	24.26	503.49
38	May 2030	503.49	4.41	19.86	24.26	483.63
39	Jun 2030	483.63	4.23	20.03	24.26	463.60

Illustrative sample

No.	Month	Opening balance	Interest	Principal	Instalment	Closing balance
40	Jul 2030	463.60	4.06	20.21	24.26	443.40
41	Aug 2030	443.40	3.88	20.38	24.26	423.01
42	Sep 2030	423.01	3.70	20.56	24.26	402.45
43	Oct 2030	402.45	3.52	20.74	24.26	381.71
44	Nov 2030	381.71	3.34	20.92	24.26	360.79
45	Dec 2030	360.79	3.16	21.11	24.26	339.68
46	Jan 2031	339.68	2.97	21.29	24.26	318.39
47	Feb 2031	318.39	2.79	21.48	24.26	296.91
48	Mar 2031	296.91	2.60	21.66	24.26	275.25
49	Apr 2031	275.25	2.41	21.85	24.26	253.39
50	May 2031	253.39	2.22	22.05	24.26	231.35
51	Jun 2031	231.35	2.02	22.24	24.26	209.11
52	Jul 2031	209.11	1.83	22.43	24.26	186.68
53	Aug 2031	186.68	1.63	22.63	24.26	164.05
54	Sep 2031	164.05	1.44	22.83	24.26	141.22
55	Oct 2031	141.22	1.24	23.03	24.26	118.19
56	Nov 2031	118.19	1.03	23.23	24.26	94.96
57	Dec 2031	94.96	0.83	23.43	24.26	71.53
58	Jan 2032	71.53	0.63	23.64	24.26	47.90
59	Feb 2032	47.90	0.42	23.84	24.26	24.05
60	Mar 2032	24.05	0.21	24.05	24.26	–

Illustrative sample