AN ISO 9001 : 2015 CERTIFIED COMPANY

Detailed project report
Sample edition
Projections from FY 2027-28

Project report

Diesel Generating Sets

Installed capacity 3.5 sets per day
Sector Electrical products
Total project cost ₹799.13 lakh

Illustrative sample
Figures are representative

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Project at a glance

Diesel Generating Sets
3.5 sets per day

Product	**Diesel Generating Sets**	Sector	**Electrical products**
Installed capacity	**3.5 sets per day**	Annual capacity	**1,050 sets per year**
Selling price (ex-GST)	**₹4,95,000 per set**	Working days	**300 a year**
Manpower	**101 people**	Plant and machinery	**₹336.48 lakh**
Total project cost	**₹799.13 lakh**	Promoter's contribution	**₹199.78 lakh (25%)**
Term loan	**₹599.35 lakh (75%)**	Cash credit limit	**₹584.26 lakh**
Revenue, Year 3	**₹3,638.25 lakh at 70%**	Net profit, Year 3	**₹134.96 lakh**
Return on investment	**16.9% a year**	Break-even, Year 3	**51.6% of capacity**
Average DSCR	**1.47**	Payback period	**4.4 years**

> This is an illustrative sample. Its figures are generated from industry-typical ratios to show the format and depth of an NPCS project report. They are not taken from any NPCS report or any real project, and should not be used for investment or lending decisions.

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Illustrative sample

1 Introduction

The product covered in this sample is diesel generating sets, made in a plant sized at 3.5 sets per day (1,050 sets per year at full capacity). The unit is costed as a complete project, from land and building through to working capital, and its applications range from standby power for housing societies and commercial buildings to prime and standby power for factories.

The sections that follow show how such a unit would be costed and financed, and how its profit, cash flow and loan repayment would look over the first five years. At 70% capacity utilisation in Year 3, the model unit earns revenue of ₹3,638.25 lakh and a net profit of ₹134.96 lakh.

2 Uses and applications

The main applications and markets for the product are:

- Standby power for housing societies and commercial buildings
- Backup power for hospitals and data centres
- Power for telecom towers and construction sites
- Prime and standby power for factories

3 Market potential

Demand comes from buildings, hospitals, factories, telecom sites and data centres that cannot afford a power cut, and from tenders by government and public sector buyers. A small packager competes on delivery time, local service and canopy quality, since the engine and alternator are bought from the same few makers as larger rivals. Emission and noise approvals for every model decide which sets can be sold.

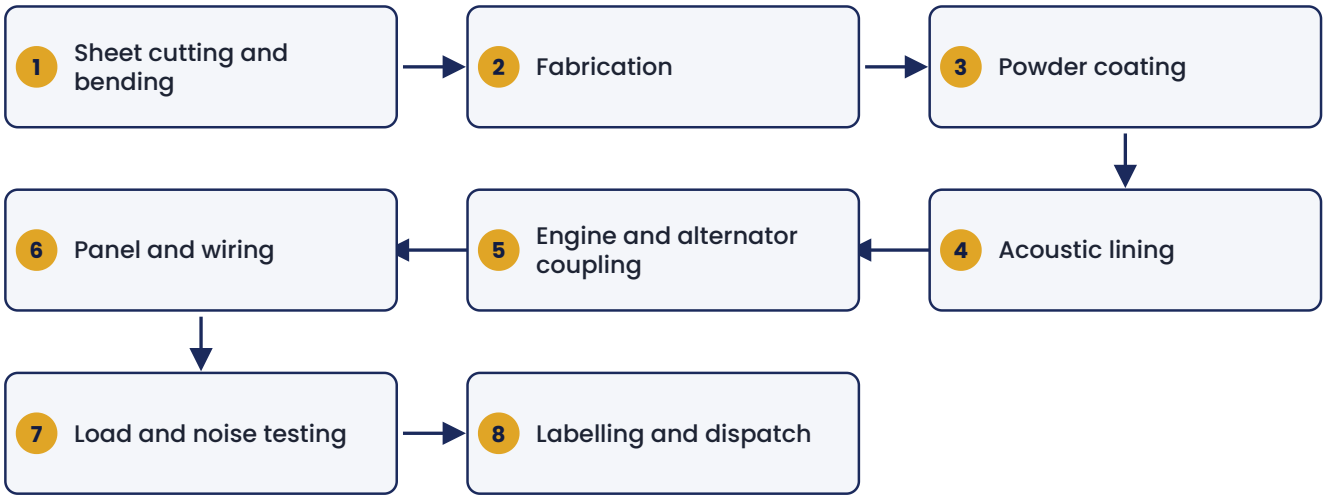
The usual customers for a unit of this kind are electrical contractors and builders, hospitals and commercial buildings, factories and industrial estates, telecom tower and infrastructure companies, government and PSU tenders, and genset dealers and rental companies.

For a real project, the market survey is redone for the chosen location, covering present demand, expected growth and the existing manufacturers nearby.

Illustrative sample

4 Manufacturing process

Production of diesel generating sets follows eight main steps, from sheet cutting and bending to labelling and dispatch. The flow chart shows how material moves through the plant.



Process flow for diesel generating sets

1. **Sheet cutting and bending.** CRCA sheets are punched or laser cut and bent into canopy panels, doors and base frame parts.
2. **Fabrication.** The base frame, integral fuel tank and canopy are welded on fixtures to hold dimensions.
3. **Powder coating.** Fabricated parts are degreased, phosphated and powder coated for outdoor corrosion resistance.
4. **Acoustic lining.** Canopy panels are lined with sound absorbing foam or mineral wool and fitted with door gaskets.
5. **Engine and alternator coupling.** The certified engine and alternator are aligned and coupled on the base frame over anti-vibration mounts.
6. **Panel and wiring.** The control panel, controller, battery, fuel lines and exhaust silencer are fitted and wired.
7. **Load and noise testing.** Each set is run on a load bank at rated load and checked for voltage, frequency and noise at one metre.
8. **Labelling and dispatch.** Conformance labels and rating plates are fixed and the set is dispatched with its test certificate.

Illustrative sample

5 Raw materials

The plant uses diesel engines with CPCB IV+ certification; brushless alternators; CRCA sheet and acoustic insulation for canopies; control panels and genset controllers; base frame steel, fuel tanks and anti-vibration mounts; and batteries, cables and fasteners. Raw material purchases in Year 3 are estimated at ₹2,638.68 lakh, which is 72.5% of sales. The split by material is shown below.

Raw material	Share of cost	Year 3 cost (₹ lakh)
Diesel engines with CPCB IV+ certification	58.0%	1,530.43
Brushless alternators	22.0%	580.51
CRCA sheet and acoustic insulation for canopies	7.0%	184.71
Control panels and genset controllers	6.0%	158.32
Base frame steel, fuel tanks and anti-vibration mounts	4.0%	105.55
Batteries, cables and fasteners	3.0%	79.16
Total raw materials	**100.0%**	**2,638.68**

6 Plant and machinery

The machinery list below covers the main production equipment, costed at ₹336.48 lakh in total. Prices are indicative. A full report gives specifications and supplier names, and a bank-format DPR uses the quotations you obtain.

Machinery and equipment	Indicative cost (₹ lakh)
CNC turret punch or fibre laser cutting machine	84.12
CNC hydraulic press brake	50.47
Pretreatment and powder coating plant	60.56
Resistive load bank and testing station	47.11
EOT crane and material handling	33.65
MIG welding sets and fabrication fixtures	26.92
Assembly line with tools and torque equipment	20.19
Sound level meter and test instruments	13.46
Total plant and machinery	**336.48**

7 Land, building and utilities

The model includes land and site development of ₹53.30 lakh and building and civil works of ₹138.97 lakh, covering the production shed, raw material and finished goods stores, and an office. Other fixed assets such as electrification, furniture, laboratory equipment and a DG set add ₹37.11 lakh.

Illustrative sample

Power and fuel cost ₹89.25 lakh in Year 3, about 2.5% of sales. Water is needed for cleaning, domestic use and, where the process calls for it, production.

8 Manpower

Staffing for the model unit is 101 people, at a Year 1 cost of ₹216.36 lakh. Wages are escalated by 5% each year in the projections.

Category	Number	Monthly wage (₹)	Annual cost (₹ lakh)
Management, supervision and administration	15	30,500	54.90
Skilled workers and operators	35	19,500	81.90
Semi-skilled and unskilled workers	51	13,000	79.56
Total (Year 1)	**101**		**216.36**

9 Licences and approvals

The main registrations and approvals for a unit like this are listed below. They differ from state to state, so check the current requirements with the relevant departments.

- Udyam (MSME) registration
- GST registration
- Consent to establish and consent to operate from the State Pollution Control Board
- Factory licence or registration under the applicable labour law, where the workforce threshold applies
- Fire safety NOC, where required
- Trade licence from the local body
- Type Approval and COP certificate for the 75 dB(A) noise limit for sets up to 1000 kVA
- Engines with Type Approval and COP for CPCB IV+ emission limits under GSR 804(E)
- IS/ISO 8528 series as the performance and test reference

Illustrative sampl

10 Project cost and means of finance

Project cost is estimated at ₹799.13 lakh, including fixed assets of ₹589.63 lakh and margin money for working capital of ₹194.76 lakh.

Cost of project	₹ lakh
Land and site development	53.30
Building and civil works	138.97
Plant and machinery	336.48
Other fixed assets (electrification, furniture, lab equipment, DG set)	37.11
Contingencies	23.77
Preliminary and pre-operative expenses	14.74
Margin money for working capital	194.76
Total cost of project	**799.13**

Means of finance

The project is financed 75:25 between bank debt and the promoter's own funds. A term loan covers ₹599.35 lakh and the promoter brings in ₹199.78 lakh. Separately, a cash credit limit of ₹584.26 lakh finances 75% of the working capital requirement.

Source of funds	₹ lakh
Promoter's contribution (25%)	199.78
Term loan from bank (75%)	599.35
Total means of finance	**799.13**
Cash credit limit for working capital (separate)	*584.26*

Illustrative sampl

11 Working capital

The unit needs ₹779.02 lakh of working capital in Year 1, based on 45 days of raw material stock, 20 days of finished goods and 60 days of customer credit, net of 30 days of supplier credit. Of this, ₹584.26 lakh comes from the bank and ₹194.76 lakh from the promoter.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Raw material stock (45 days)	278.84	302.08	325.32	348.55	371.79
Work in progress (5 days)	34.99	37.81	40.64	43.47	46.31
Finished goods (20 days)	144.48	156.10	167.76	179.44	191.16
Trade receivables (60 days)	512.63	555.35	598.07	640.79	683.51
Total current assets	**970.94**	**1,051.34**	**1,131.79**	**1,212.25**	**1,292.77**
Less: trade creditors (30 days)	191.92	207.91	223.91	239.90	255.89
Working capital requirement	**779.02**	**843.43**	**907.88**	**972.35**	**1,036.88**

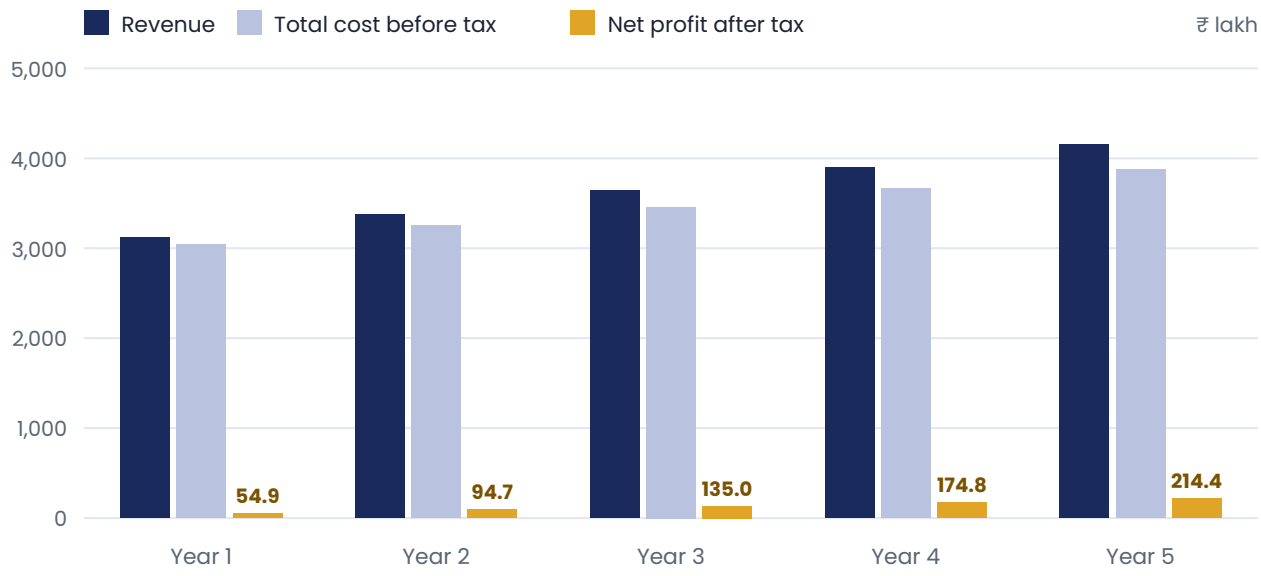
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12 Projected profitability

As utilisation climbs from 60% to 80%, sales increase from ₹3,118.50 lakh to ₹4,158.00 lakh. Operating profit in Year 3 is ₹339.36 lakh, a margin of 9.3%, and net profit after tax grows from ₹54.92 lakh in Year 1 to ₹214.44 lakh in Year 5.

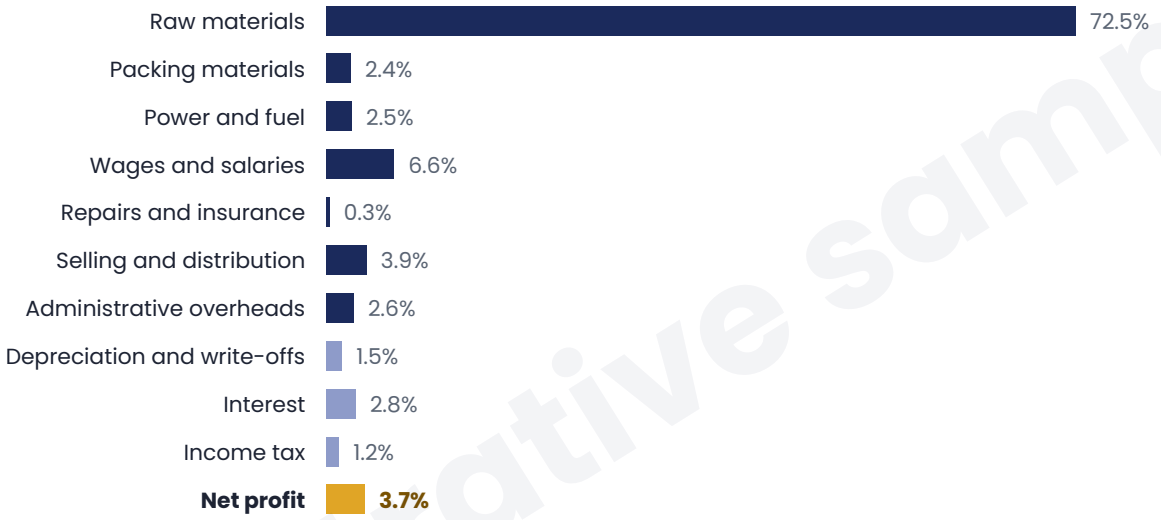
Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Capacity utilisation (%)	*60%*	*65%*	*70%*	*75%*	*80%*
Revenue from operations	**3,118.50**	**3,378.38**	**3,638.25**	**3,898.12**	**4,158.00**
Raw materials consumed	2,261.72	2,450.20	2,638.68	2,827.15	3,015.63
Packing materials	73.32	79.43	85.54	91.64	97.75
Power and fuel	76.50	82.87	89.25	95.62	102.00
Wages and salaries	216.36	227.18	238.54	250.46	262.99
Repairs and maintenance	6.73	7.07	7.42	7.79	8.18
Insurance	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15
Cost of production	**2,636.78**	**2,848.90**	**3,061.58**	**3,274.81**	**3,488.70**
Gross profit	**481.72**	**529.48**	**576.67**	**623.31**	**669.30**
Selling and distribution expenses	121.00	131.08	141.16	151.25	161.33
Administrative overheads	87.21	91.57	96.15	100.96	106.01
Operating profit (EBITDA)	**273.51**	**306.83**	**339.36**	**371.10**	**401.96**
Depreciation	71.30	61.51	53.12	45.89	39.67
Preliminary expenses written off	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.94
Interest on term loan	61.77	51.84	39.07	24.90	9.16
Interest on cash credit	64.27	64.27	64.27	64.27	64.27
Profit before tax	**73.22**	**126.26**	**179.95**	**233.09**	**285.92**
Income tax	18.30	31.56	44.99	58.27	71.48
Profit after tax	**54.92**	**94.70**	**134.96**	**174.82**	**214.44**

Illustrative sample



Revenue, total cost before tax and net profit after tax, ₹ lakh

Where each rupee of sales goes in Year 3



Each cost head as a percentage of Year 3 sales

Illustrative sampl

13 Cash flow statement

Cash generated from profit and depreciation covers the term loan repayments in every year. The closing cash balance builds up to ₹102.86 lakh by the end of Year 5.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Sources of funds					
Promoter's contribution	199.78	–	–	–	–
Term loan from bank	599.35	–	–	–	–
Cash credit (working capital) from bank	584.26	–	–	–	–
Net profit after tax	54.92	94.70	134.96	174.82	214.44
Depreciation	71.30	61.51	53.12	45.89	39.67
Preliminary expenses written off	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.94
Increase in trade creditors	191.92	15.99	16.00	15.99	15.99
Total sources	**1,704.48**	**175.15**	**207.03**	**239.65**	**273.04**
Application of funds					
Fixed assets	589.63	–	–	–	–
Preliminary and pre-operative expenses	14.74	–	–	–	–
Increase in inventories	458.31	37.68	37.73	37.74	37.80
Increase in trade receivables	512.63	42.72	42.72	42.72	42.72
Repayment of term loan	53.54	115.86	128.62	142.80	158.53
Drawings	–	–	–	–	–
Total application	1,628.85	196.26	209.07	223.26	239.05
Net cash flow	**75.63**	**(21.11)**	**(2.04)**	**16.39**	**33.99**
Opening cash balance	–	75.63	54.52	52.48	68.87
Closing cash balance	**75.63**	**54.52**	**52.48**	**68.87**	**102.86**

Illustrative sample

14 Projected balance sheet

The projected balance sheet balances in every year. Net worth grows from ₹242.91 lakh at the end of Year 1 to ₹873.62 lakh at the end of Year 5, while the term loan outstanding falls from ₹545.81 lakh to nil.

As at year end (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Liabilities					
Promoter's capital	199.78	199.78	199.78	199.78	199.78
Reserves and surplus	54.92	149.62	284.58	459.40	673.84
Term loan	545.81	429.95	301.33	158.53	–
Cash credit from bank	584.26	584.26	584.26	584.26	584.26
Trade creditors	191.92	207.91	223.91	239.90	255.89
Total liabilities	**1,576.69**	**1,571.52**	**1,593.86**	**1,641.87**	**1,713.77**
Assets					
Gross fixed assets	589.63	589.63	589.63	589.63	589.63
Less: accumulated depreciation	(71.30)	(132.81)	(185.93)	(231.82)	(271.49)
Net fixed assets	**518.33**	**456.82**	**403.70**	**357.81**	**318.14**
Preliminary expenses not written off	11.79	8.84	5.89	2.94	–
Inventories	458.31	495.99	533.72	571.46	609.26
Trade receivables	512.63	555.35	598.07	640.79	683.51
Cash and bank balance	75.63	54.52	52.48	68.87	102.86
Total assets	**1,576.69**	**1,571.52**	**1,593.86**	**1,641.87**	**1,713.77**

Illustrative sample

15 Depreciation

Fixed assets are depreciated on the written-down value method, at 15% a year for plant and machinery, 10% for building and 10% for other assets. Land carries no depreciation. Preliminary and pre-operative expenses are written off in equal parts over five years.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Building and civil works (cost ₹145.92 lakh, 10% WDV)					
Opening written-down value	145.92	131.33	118.20	106.38	95.74
Depreciation	14.59	13.13	11.82	10.64	9.57
Closing written-down value	**131.33**	**118.20**	**106.38**	**95.74**	**86.17**
Plant and machinery (cost ₹353.30 lakh, 15% WDV)					
Opening written-down value	353.30	300.30	255.26	216.97	184.42
Depreciation	53.00	45.04	38.29	32.55	27.66
Closing written-down value	**300.30**	**255.26**	**216.97**	**184.42**	**156.76**
Other fixed assets (cost ₹37.11 lakh, 10% WDV)					
Opening written-down value	37.11	33.40	30.06	27.05	24.35
Depreciation	3.71	3.34	3.01	2.70	2.44
Closing written-down value	**33.40**	**30.06**	**27.05**	**24.35**	**21.91**
Total depreciation	**71.30**	**61.51**	**53.12**	**45.89**	**39.67**
Preliminary expenses written off	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.94

16 Term loan repayment

Repayment of the ₹599.35 lakh term loan starts after a moratorium of 6 months, during which interest at 10.5% is serviced. The loan is then cleared in 54 EMIs of ₹13,97,456 each, and the annexure gives the monthly schedule.

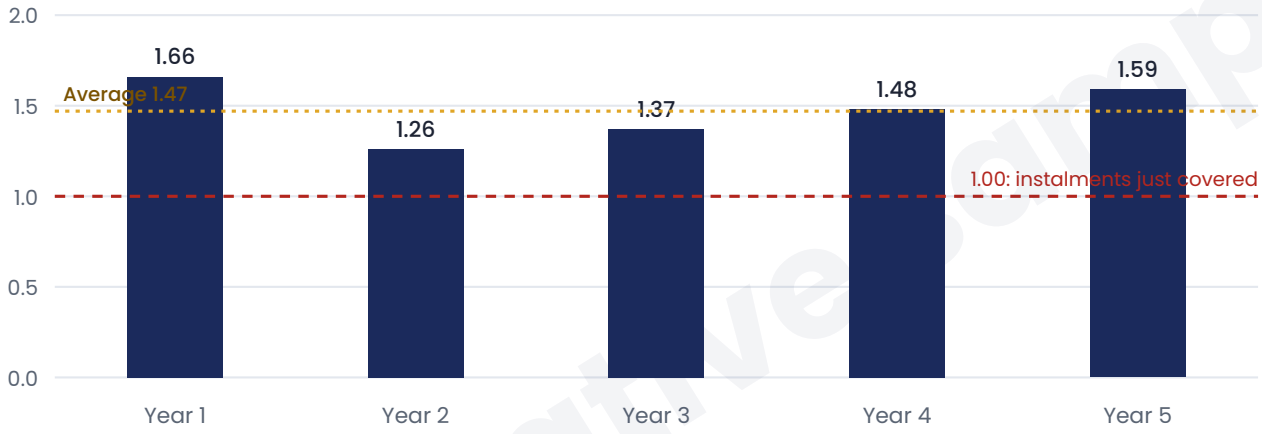
Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Opening balance	599.35	545.81	429.95	301.33	158.53
Interest	61.77	51.84	39.07	24.90	9.16
Principal repaid	53.54	115.86	128.62	142.80	158.53
Closing balance	**545.81**	**429.95**	**301.33**	**158.53**	**–**

Illustrative sample

17 Debt service coverage

The debt service coverage ratio averages 1.47 over the repayment years, with a low of 1.26 in Year 2. A DSCR above 1 means the unit earns enough to meet its loan instalments, and the model keeps a margin above that in every year.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Net profit after tax	54.92	94.70	134.96	174.82	214.44
Depreciation and write-offs	74.25	64.46	56.07	48.84	42.61
Interest on term loan	61.77	51.84	39.07	24.90	9.16
Total available for debt service (A)	**190.94**	**211.00**	**230.10**	**248.56**	**266.21**
Principal repayment	53.54	115.86	128.62	142.80	158.53
Interest on term loan	61.77	51.84	39.07	24.90	9.16
Total debt service (B)	**115.31**	**167.70**	**167.69**	**167.70**	**167.69**
DSCR (A / B)	1.66	1.26	1.37	1.48	1.59



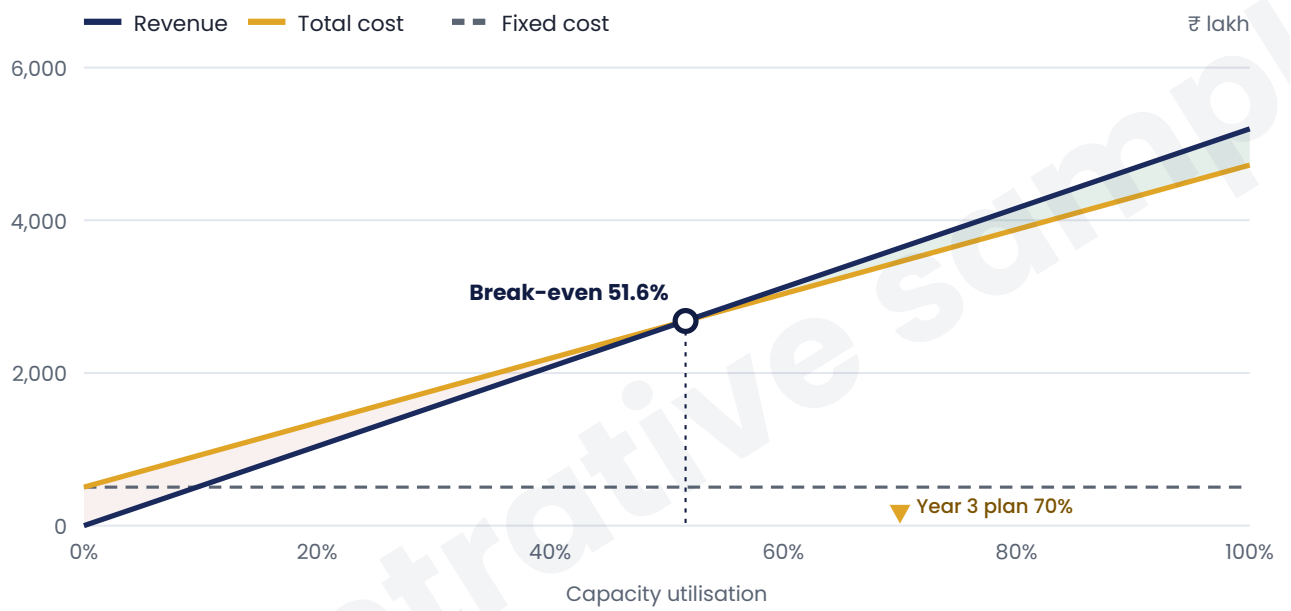
DSCR by year. A ratio above 1.00 means cash accruals cover the term loan instalments.

Illustrative sample

18 Break-even analysis

The break-even point in Year 3 is 51.6% of installed capacity. Below that level the unit would not cover its fixed costs, interest and depreciation; above it, each additional unit sold adds to profit. Cash break-even is lower, at 45.8%.

Particulars (₹ lakh)	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Revenue from operations	3,118.50	3,378.38	3,638.25	3,898.12	4,158.00
Variable costs	2,532.54	2,743.58	2,954.63	3,165.66	3,376.71
Contribution	**585.96**	**634.80**	**683.62**	**732.46**	**781.29**
Fixed costs (incl. depreciation and interest)	512.74	508.54	503.67	499.37	495.37
Break-even as % of installed capacity	52.5	52.1	51.6	51.1	50.7
Cash break-even as % of installed capacity	44.9	45.5	45.8	46.1	46.4
Break-even sales	2,728.82	2,706.43	2,680.55	2,657.63	2,636.34



Break-even chart at Year 3 prices and costs, scaled to full capacity. Shaded areas show the loss zone (left) and profit zone (right).

Illustrative sample

19 Financial ratios

The table summarises the main ratios a lender reviews. The current ratio is 1.35 or better in every year, and the debt-equity ratio falls from 2.25 at the end of Year 1 to zero by Year 5.

Ratio	Year 1 FY 2027-28	Year 2 FY 2028-29	Year 3 FY 2029-30	Year 4 FY 2030-31	Year 5 FY 2031-32
Current ratio	1.35	1.40	1.47	1.55	1.66
Quick ratio	0.76	0.77	0.80	0.86	0.94
Debt-equity ratio (term loan / net worth)	2.25	1.26	0.63	0.24	0.00
Total outside liabilities / net worth	5.44	3.59	2.32	1.50	0.96
Interest coverage ratio	1.58	2.09	2.74	3.61	4.89
DSCR	1.66	1.26	1.37	1.48	1.59
Gross profit margin (%)	15.4	15.7	15.9	16.0	16.1
Operating profit (EBITDA) margin (%)	8.8	9.1	9.3	9.5	9.7
Net profit margin (%)	1.8	2.8	3.7	4.5	5.2
Return on capital employed (%)	14.5	17.9	20.8	23.0	24.6
Break-even (% of installed capacity)	52.5	52.1	51.6	51.1	50.7

20 Key assumptions

- Commercial production starts in April 2027, and all assets are in use from the first year.
- Capacity utilisation of 60% in Year 1, rising to 80% by Year 5, over 300 working days a year.
- Selling price of ₹4,95,000 per set, excluding GST, held constant through the projection.
- Raw materials at 72.5% of sales, packing materials at 2.4%, power and fuel at 2.5%, and selling and distribution at 3.9%.
- Wages and salaries rise by 5% a year; repairs and administrative overheads rise by 5% a year.
- Working capital based on 45 days of raw material, 5 days of work in progress, 20 days of finished goods and 60 days of receivables, less 30 days of creditors.
- Term loan at 10.5% interest with a 6-month moratorium and 54 monthly instalments; cash credit at 11% on 75% of the working capital requirement.
- Depreciation on the written-down value method at Income Tax Act rates; income tax at a flat 25% of profit for simplicity.
- Contingency of 5% on building and machinery; preliminary and pre-operative expenses written off over five years.
- All amounts in ₹ lakh unless stated otherwise, excluding GST.

Illustrative sample

21 Conclusion

In summary, the sample project needs ₹799.13 lakh, breaks even at 51.6% of capacity in Year 3 and repays its term loan from its own cash flow, with a payback period of about 4.4 years. A report for an actual project replaces these representative figures with local land and building costs, machinery quotations and a market survey for the chosen location.

Need this report for your own plant?

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This document is a computer-generated illustrative sample. The capacity, prices, costs and projections are representative assumptions for a typical small-scale unit and are not based on any specific project, location or quotation. Statutory requirements change and vary by state. Niir Project Consultancy Services accepts no liability for decisions taken on the basis of this sample.

Illustrative sample

A Annexure: monthly loan repayment schedule

Term loan of ₹599.35 lakh at 10.5% a year. Amounts in ₹ lakh.

No.	Month	Opening balance	Interest	Principal	Instalment	Closing balance
1	Apr 2027	599.35	5.24	–	5.24	599.35
2	May 2027	599.35	5.24	–	5.24	599.35
3	Jun 2027	599.35	5.24	–	5.24	599.35
4	Jul 2027	599.35	5.24	–	5.24	599.35
5	Aug 2027	599.35	5.24	–	5.24	599.35
6	Sep 2027	599.35	5.24	–	5.24	599.35
7	Oct 2027	599.35	5.24	8.73	13.97	590.62
8	Nov 2027	590.62	5.17	8.81	13.97	581.81
9	Dec 2027	581.81	5.09	8.88	13.97	572.93
10	Jan 2028	572.93	5.01	8.96	13.97	563.97
11	Feb 2028	563.97	4.93	9.04	13.97	554.93
12	Mar 2028	554.93	4.86	9.12	13.97	545.81
13	Apr 2028	545.81	4.78	9.20	13.97	536.61
14	May 2028	536.61	4.70	9.28	13.97	527.33
15	Jun 2028	527.33	4.61	9.36	13.97	517.97
16	Jul 2028	517.97	4.53	9.44	13.97	508.53
17	Aug 2028	508.53	4.45	9.52	13.97	499.00
18	Sep 2028	499.00	4.37	9.61	13.97	489.40
19	Oct 2028	489.40	4.28	9.69	13.97	479.70
20	Nov 2028	479.70	4.20	9.78	13.97	469.93
21	Dec 2028	469.93	4.11	9.86	13.97	460.06
22	Jan 2029	460.06	4.03	9.95	13.97	450.11
23	Feb 2029	450.11	3.94	10.04	13.97	440.08
24	Mar 2029	440.08	3.85	10.12	13.97	429.95
25	Apr 2029	429.95	3.76	10.21	13.97	419.74
26	May 2029	419.74	3.67	10.30	13.97	409.44
27	Jun 2029	409.44	3.58	10.39	13.97	399.05
28	Jul 2029	399.05	3.49	10.48	13.97	388.57
29	Aug 2029	388.57	3.40	10.57	13.97	377.99
30	Sep 2029	377.99	3.31	10.67	13.97	367.32
31	Oct 2029	367.32	3.21	10.76	13.97	356.56
32	Nov 2029	356.56	3.12	10.85	13.97	345.71
33	Dec 2029	345.71	3.02	10.95	13.97	334.76
34	Jan 2030	334.76	2.93	11.05	13.97	323.71
35	Feb 2030	323.71	2.83	11.14	13.97	312.57
36	Mar 2030	312.57	2.73	11.24	13.97	301.33
37	Apr 2030	301.33	2.64	11.34	13.97	289.99
38	May 2030	289.99	2.54	11.44	13.97	278.56
39	Jun 2030	278.56	2.44	11.54	13.97	267.02

Illustrative sample

No.	Month	Opening balance	Interest	Principal	Instalment	Closing balance
40	Jul 2030	267.02	2.34	11.64	13.97	255.38
41	Aug 2030	255.38	2.23	11.74	13.97	243.64
42	Sep 2030	243.64	2.13	11.84	13.97	231.80
43	Oct 2030	231.80	2.03	11.95	13.97	219.85
44	Nov 2030	219.85	1.92	12.05	13.97	207.80
45	Dec 2030	207.80	1.82	12.16	13.97	195.64
46	Jan 2031	195.64	1.71	12.26	13.97	183.38
47	Feb 2031	183.38	1.60	12.37	13.97	171.01
48	Mar 2031	171.01	1.50	12.48	13.97	158.53
49	Apr 2031	158.53	1.39	12.59	13.97	145.95
50	May 2031	145.95	1.28	12.70	13.97	133.25
51	Jun 2031	133.25	1.17	12.81	13.97	120.44
52	Jul 2031	120.44	1.05	12.92	13.97	107.52
53	Aug 2031	107.52	0.94	13.03	13.97	94.49
54	Sep 2031	94.49	0.83	13.15	13.97	81.34
55	Oct 2031	81.34	0.71	13.26	13.97	68.08
56	Nov 2031	68.08	0.60	13.38	13.97	54.70
57	Dec 2031	54.70	0.48	13.50	13.97	41.20
58	Jan 2032	41.20	0.36	13.61	13.97	27.59
59	Feb 2032	27.59	0.24	13.73	13.97	13.85
60	Mar 2032	13.85	0.12	13.85	13.97	–

Illustrative sample