Gums, Adhesives & Sealants Technology (with Formulae & their Applications) 2nd Edition

Author:- NIIR Board Format: paperback

Code: NI8 Pages: 700

Price: Rs.1475**US\$** 150

Publisher: NIIR PROJECT CONSULTANCY

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Usually ships within 3 days

Naturally occurring polysaccharides from plant exudates have been in use from many decades in immense quantities. Natural gums are natural polymers, which mainly consists of carbohydrates sometimes with small amounts of proteins and minerals. Gum and its derivatives are widely used in various industries as per its needs. The appearance and properties of natural gums determine their commercial value and end use. Due to their extraordinary, unrivalled technological & functional properties gum is used in many industries. Gums not only modify viscosity and consistency, they also often attenuate odour, taste and flavour intensity. Adhesive or sealant is a mixture in a liquid or semi-liquid state that is capable of holding materials together by surface attachment. Adhesives and sealants are used as a raw material for the manufacturing industry or for the service of different processing industries. Adhesives and sealants virtually touch every part of our lives. The adhesives and sealants are two chemically similar but functionally different groups of formulated products. There is no end in sight to the new materials, new formulation, and new uses to which adhesives and sealants will be put in the future.

Some of the fundamentals of the book are advantages of adhesive bonding, hybrids and coupling agents, adhesive films, designing polymers for adhesives, fundamentals of adhesion, designing polymers for adhesives, thermodynamics of adhesion, casein and mixed protein adhesives, lime-free casein adhesives, foil to paper laminating adhesives, casein and protein blend glues as wood adhesives, chemistry of protein blend glues, natural rubber adhesives, vulcanizing latex adhesives, solution adhesives from natural rubber, halogenated butyl rubber, butyl rubber and poly isobutylene lattices, polysulfide sealants and adhesives etc. This book covers a wide range of polymeric adhesives and sealants, gums along with their essential formularies, distinguished by applications and based on technology. The main areas covered in details are the basic fundamentals, properties, uses and applications, formulations and chemistry, methods of manufacturing and lastly testing methods. This book will be very resourceful to its readers who are just beginners in this field and also to upcoming entrepreneurs, engineers, existing industries, technologist, technical institution etc.

I INTRODUCTION TO ADHESIVES
ADVANTAGES OF ADHESIVE BONDING
HISTORY
TYPES OF ADHESIVES
Application and Setting
Origin

Cure; Solubility; Crosslinking Hybrids and coupling Agents

Adhesive Films

High Temperature Resistance; Flame Retardance

MATCHING ADHESIVE TO ADHEREND

Critical Surface Tension Solubility Parameter

Figure

DESIGNING POLYMERS FOR ADHESIVES

Grafting

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Copolymerization Block Copolymers

Interpenetrating Polymer Network (IPN)

NEW TRENDS

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Setting

Adhesive Joint Strengths

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Introduction

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MANUFACTURING

PROPERTIES

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TESTING

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FLEXIBLE AND NON-WARP GLUES

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GREASELESS BUFFING COMPOUNDS

GUMMED TAPE

GLASS CHIPPING SIZING AND COATING

PAPER

COMPOUNDED RUBBER

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PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF CASEIN

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Mixing Casein Glue

Additives for Casein and Protein Blend Glues

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Certification of Fire Doors

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White Dextrins

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Corrugating

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Paper Box

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SBR (SOLID) IN ADHESIVES

General

Classification

Compounding Ingredients

Major Applications

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INTRODUCTION

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Amines

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Cycloaliphatic Amines

Aromatic Amines

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Catalytic Curing Agents

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HANDLING ISOCYANATE BASED ADHESIVES

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I POLYOLEFIN AND ETHYLENE COPOLYMER-BASED

HOT MELT ADHESIVES

ADHESIVE FORMULATION

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Tackifiers

Waxes

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Nonwovens

Furniture

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Polyester Beverage Bottles

Carpet Seaming Tape

Paper Laminates

HOT MELT APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

FUTURE OF HOT MELT ADHESIVE

I POLYVINYL ACETAL ADHESIVES

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Compatibility

Viscosity

Mechanical Properties

Thermal Properties

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Green Strength Binder

Composites

Adhesion to Glass Other Uses

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TECHNOLOGY

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Glass Transition Temperature (Tg)

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Tack

Peel Adhesion

Cohesive Strength

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Peel Adhesion Testing

Shear Resistance Testing

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Adhesive Mass Thicknesses

I FACTORS INFLUENCING GUM COSTS AND APPLICATIONS DEFINITION OF GUM

FACTORS AFFECTING RAW GUM COSTS

- 1. Exudate Gums
- 2. Seaweed Gums
- 3. Seed Gums
- 4. Starch and Cellulose Derivatives

INDUSTRIALLY VALUABLE PROPERTIES OF GUMS

- 1. Linear Netural Polysaccharides
- 2. Brached Neutral Polysaccharides
- 3. Polysaccharides with Carboxyl Groups
- 4. Polysaccharides with Strong Acid Groups
- 5. Polysaccharides tuith basic Groups

MODIFIED GUMS

- 1. Introduction of Neutral Groups
- 2. Introduction of Acideic Groups
- 3. Introduction of Groups
- 4. Graft Polymers
- 5. Other Chemical Modifications of Natural Polysaccharides

I AGAR

INTRODUCTION

SOURCE

- 1. Raw Matrial
- 2. Processing
- 3. Finished Product

HISTORY

- 1. Discovery
- 2. Manufacture
- 3. Use
- 4. Present Applications
- 5. Derivatives
- IV. STRUCTURE

PROPERTIES

- 1. Solid
- 2. Sols
- 3. Gels

I ALGIN

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PRODUCTION

- 1. Source
- 2. Seasonal Variations
- 3. Harvesting
- 4. Processing
- 5. Grades
- 6. Industrial Importance
- 7. Potential Amount

APPLICATIONS

- 1. Introducation
- 2. Mode of Action
- 3. Foods

DAIRY PRODUCTS

BAKERY PRODUCTS

OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS

- 4. Pharmaceuticals and Cosmetics
- 5. Industrial Applications

PAPER PRODUCTS

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

RUBBER PRODUCTS

OTHER INDUSTRIAL USES

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PROPERTIES

- 1. Dissolution
- 2. Solution Properties
- 3. Gels
- 4. Films
- 5. Compatibilities
- 6. Algin in Foods
- 7. Other Properties

I LAMINARAN

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- 1. Source
- 2. Producing Areas
- 3. Seasonal Effects
- 4. Collection
- 5. Preparation

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I CHITIN AND ITS DERIVATIVES

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- 1. Crustaceans
- 2. Insects
- 3. Fungi
- 4. Preparation
- 5. Preparation of Deacetylated Chitin, Other Chitin

Derivatives, and D-Glucosamine

- 6. Grades
- 7. Potential Amount

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- 1. Sizing
- 2. Adhesives
- 3. Emulsion Stabilization and Thickening
- 4. Pharmaceuticals and Cosmetics
- 5. Extruded Fibers and Films
- 6. Glycosamine Hydrochloride in Foods and Pharmaceticals

STRUCTURE

PROPERTIES

- 1. Solubility and Viscosity
- 2. Gels
- 3. Films and Fibers
- 4. Adhesiveness
- 5. Compatibilities

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INTRODUCTION

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- 1. Republic of the Sudan
- 3. Nigeria
- 4. Tanganyika
- 5. Morocco
- 6. British Somaliland and Abyssinia
- 7. South Africa
- 8. India
- 9 Australia
- 10. Miscellaneous

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STRUCTURE

ARABIC ACID

- 1. Preparation
- 2. Properties
- 3. Degraded Gum Arabic
- 4. Derivatives of Arabic Acid

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- 1. Concentration
- 2. Temperature
- 3. Electrolytes
- 4. pH
- 5. Solvents Others Than Water
- 6. Aging
- 7. Mechanical Treatment
- 8. Ultrasonic Vibrations and Ultravilent Irradiation

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- 1. Surface Tension
- 2. Freezing Point

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- 1. Introduction
- 2. Gum Arabic-Gelatin Coacervates
- 3. Preparation of Coacervates
- 4. General Properties, Physical Appearance, and Composition
- 5. Effect of Temperature
- 6. Effect of pH
- 7. Reactions of Salts
- 8. Physical Phenomena
- 9. Uses of Gum Arabic-Gelatin Coacervates
- 10. Coexisting Coacervates
- 11. Other Coacervates

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- 1. Chemical Reactivity
- 2. Solubility
- 3. Enzymes

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- 1. Isolation of Gum Arabic from Commercial Products
- 2. Systematic Analytical Scheme
- 3. Physical Confirmatory Tests
- 4. Chemical Confirmatory Tests
- 5. Direct Tests for Gum Arabic in Some Commercial Products

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- 1. Foods
- 2. Adhesives

- 3. Paints
- 4. Inks
- 5. Lithography
- 6. Textiles
- 7. Miscellaneous

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DEVELOPMENT OF USE
STRUCTURE
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- 1. Source and Producing Areas
- 2. Agronomics
- 3. Purification
- 4. Grades

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- 1. HISTORY
- 2. Mining Industry
- 3. Foods
- 4. Cosmetics and Pharmaceuticals
- 5. Paper Industry
- 6. Explosives
- 7. Derivatives

STRUCTURE

PROPERTIES

- 1. Viscosity
- 2. Gels
- 3. Films
- 4. Adhesiveness
- 5. Miscellaneous

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- 2. Producing Areas
- 3. Seasonal Effect
- 4. Collection
- 5. Purification
- 6. Grades
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- 2. Commercial Value

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- 3. Films
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- 5. Acid Resistance
- 6. Dispersibility
- 7. Ropiness
- 8. Water Retention

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INTRODUCTION

PRODUCTION

- 1. Source
- 2. Producing Areas
- 3. Seasonal Effects
- 4. Collection
- 5. Purification
- 6. Grades and Definitions of Grades
- 7. Impurities
- 8. Quantities Marketed
- 9. General Industrial Uses Other Than is Foods

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Structure

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- 1. Pectin Types as Defined by Degree of Methylation
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- 3. Solutions, Stability and Viscosity
- 4. Gels
- 5. Assay Methods, Calculations, and Composition

DIRECTORY SECTION
PRESENT MANUFACTURERS
SUPPLIERS OF RAW MATERIALS
SUPPLIERS OF THE PLANT M/C & EQUPT.

About NIIR

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Fri, 09 May 2025 05:28:08 +0000