Production of industrial alcohol is an age old practice. But with time, the usage areas as well as production techniques have gone through a major transformation. Industrial alcohol is distilled ethyl alcohol (C2H5OH), normally of high proof, produced and sold for other than beverage purposes. It is usually distributed in the form of pure ethyl alcohol, completely denatured alcohol, especially denatured alcohol and proprietary solvent blends. Ethyl Alcohol is the common name for the hydroxyl derivative of the hydrocarbon ethane. Industrial alcohol is distilled ethyl alcohol normally of high proof, produced and sold for other than beverage purposes. Industrial alcohol finds its applications in many chemical industries, pharmaceutical industries, Ink Industries and various allied applications. Much of this alcohol is obtained synthetically from ethylene. However, its production from microbial fermentation using variety of cheap sugary substrates is still commercially important. The various substrates used for ethanol production are sugar crops such as sugarcane, sugar beet, sorghum, etc. provide a good substrate. Bye product of these crop processing, e.g., molasses, sweet sorghum syrup, etc. are the most common substrates. Cereals like maize, wheat, rice etc are also used for ethanol production. Distillation of industrial alcohol, which is normally not used for consumption, can be made in a two step process. The process of distillation is one with a slow dynamics making it essential to have a carefully planned and designed control system. Ethyl alcohol or ethanol ranks second only to water as the most widely used solvent in chemical industry and as these industries have expanded, so the demand for industrial alcohol has increased.

Some of the fundamentals of the book are base case production of alcohol, survey and natural alcohols manufacture, alcohol from wheat straw, alcohol from sacchariferous feed stocks, conventional process used in Indian distilleries, fermentation, distillation, continuous rectification and reflux ratio, alcohol recovery, quality of alcohol, steam economy, fuel oil separation, trihydric and polyhydric alcohols, coal gasification, methanol synthesis, coal gasification and raw gas purification, synthesis gas preparation, methanol synthesis and purification, badger conceptual design

This handbook on Industrial alcohol technology provides complete details on process and the technology used in the production of ethanol from various sugar crops and cereals and also briefs the different types of monohydric, trihydric and polyhydric alcohols. This handbook will be very helpful to its readers who are just beginners in this field and will also find useful for upcoming entrepreneurs, existing industries, technical institution, etc.

Contents

1. Alcohol from Corn
   Base Case Production of Alcohol, Overall Material and Energy Flows, Grain Motor Fuel Alcohol Plant, Excursions on Feedstock Material, Sensitivity to Financial Parameters, Depreciation Schedule, Purchase

2. ALCOHOLS, HIGHER ALIPHATIC

3. ALCOHOL FROM WHEAT STRAW
Introduction, Summary and Conclusions, Process Description, Process Discussion, Cost Estimates, Batch Process Technology in Indian Distilleries, Definitions, Molasses, Total Reducing Sugars, Unfermentable Sugars, Fermentable Sugars, Brix, Polarisation (Pol.), Purity, Alcohol, Spirit's, Wort, Pitch or Bub, Wash, Sludge, Sediment, Reflux, Spent Wash, Proof Spirit, Calculation of Efficiency Data, Alcohol Production Processes, Synthetic Process, Alcohol from Starchy Materials (Grain Spirit), Scenario, Potential of Grain as Raw Material, Process Description, Raw Material Preparation, Liquefaction, Yeast Cultivation & Prefermentation, Saccharification & Fermentation, Alcohol from Sacchariferous Feed Stocks, Conventional Process Used in Indian Distilleries, Fermentation, Distillation, Continuous Rectification and Reflux Ratio, Alcohol Recovery, Quality of Alcohol, Steam Economy, Fusel Oil Separation, Absolute Alcohol

4. Monohydric Alcohols

NIIR Project Consultancy Services (NPCS) 2/4

5. Trihydric and Polyhydric Alcohols

Trihydric Aliphatic Alcohols (Glycerols), General, Preparation, Properties, Uses, Glycerol, Occurrence, Production, Physical Properties, Grades of glycerin, Specific Gravity, Epoxy Compounds, Esters, 1,2,4-Butanetriol, Pentaglycerol, Hexaglycerol, 1,2,6-Hexanetriol, Higher Polyhydric Aliphatic Alcohols, Chemical Properties, Toxicological Properties, Uses, General, Physical Properties, Tetrahydric Alcohols (Tetritols), CH2OH(CHOH)2 CH2OH, Erythritol, d-and l-Threitol, dl-Threitol, Pentacerythritol, Pentaerythric Alcohols (Pentitols), Ribitol, Xylitol, Preparation, d-Arabitol, l-Arabitol, dl-Arabitol, Hexahydratic Alcohols (Hexitols), Allitol, Dulcitol, Sorbitol, Chemical Properties, Toxicity and Uses, l-Glucitol, d-Mannitol, l-Mannitol, Physical Properties, Chemical Properties, Toxicity and Uses, d-Mannitol, d-lditol, l-lditol, T-Talitol, d-Talitol, Inositol, Heptahydratic Alcohols (Heptitols), Perseitol, Volemitol, Glycerol-gulo-Heptitol and D-glycero-D-ido-Heptitol, Octahydratic Alcohols (Octitols), Polyvinyl Alcohol

6. METHANOL FROM COAL


About NIIR

NIIR PROJECT CONSULTANCY SERVICES (NPCS) is a reliable name in the industrial world for offering integrated technical consultancy services. NPCS is manned by engineers, planners, specialists, financial experts, economic analysts and design specialists with extensive experience in the related industries.

NPCS also publishes varies process technology, technical, reference, self employment and startup books, directory, business and industry database, bankable detailed project report, market research report on various industries, small scale industry and profit making business. Besides being used by manufacturers, industrialists and entrepreneurs, our publications are also used by professionals including project engineers, information services bureau, consultants and project consultancy firms as one of the input in their research.

Our Detailed Project report aims at providing all the critical data required by any entrepreneur vying to venture into Project. While expanding a current business or while venturing into new business, entrepreneurs are often faced with the dilemma of zeroing in on a suitable product/line.