Handbook on Manufacture of Acetophenone, Alcohols, Alletrhin, Anthracene, Barium Potassium Chromate Pigment, Calcium Cyanamide, Carboxymethylcellulose, Carotene, Chlorophyll, Chemicals from Acetaldehyde, Fats, Milk, Oranges, Wood,.....

> Author:- NIIR Board of Consultants & Engineers Format: paperback Code: NI309 Pages: 550 Price: Rs.1100US\$ 125 Publisher: NIIR PROJECT CONSULTANCY SERVICES Usually ships within 5 days

Handbook on Manufacture of Acetophenone, Alcohols, Alletrhin, Anthracene, Barium Potassium Chromate Pigment, Calcium Cyanamide, Carboxymethylcellulose, Carotene, Chlorophyll, Chemicals from Acetaldehyde, Fats, Milk, Oranges, Wood, Manufacture of Dye Intermediates and Dyes, Fine Chemicals, Formaldehyde, Granulated Fertilizers, Granulated Triple Superphosphate and Hydroquinone

(Also Known As Modern Technology of Industrial Chemicals)

Industrial chemicals are essential components of modern societies because they contribute in numerous ways to establish and/or preserve an elevated standard of living in countries at all stages of development. Chemicals play an important part in different fields such as healthcare, food production and telecommunications. Under certain conditions, the large scale production and use of certain chemicals may result in the degradation of our environment and adverse impact to human health and wildlife.

Acetophenone is the simplest aromatic ketone organic compound and it has a sweet taste and smell that resembles that of oranges. It is used for various purposes in the industry. Acetophenone is a colorless liquid with a sweet pungent taste. Alcohols are one of the most important molecules in organic chemistry. They can be prepared from many different types of compounds, and they can be converted into many different types of compounds. The allethrins are a pair of related synthetic compounds used in insecticides. They are synthetic pyrethroids, a synthetic form of a chemical found naturally in the chrysanthemum flower. Acetaldehyde is a key raw material in the production of a wide range of chemical products such as paint binders in alkyd paints and as a plasticizer for plastics. Acetaldehyde is also used a base in the manufacture of acetic acid, another platform chemical with many applications. Acetaldehyde is also used as an aromatic agent and is found naturally in fruits and fruit juices.

Formaldehyde, also known as methanal, is a colorless and flammable gas that has a pungent smell and is soluble in water. Formaldehyde is used in Circuit Board Manufacture, Laboratory Chemicals, Paper Coatings, Photochemicals, Printed Circuit Board Manufacturing and Rubber Manufacture. Hydroquinone is a Melanin Synthesis Inhibitor. Hydroquinone is mainly used in photosensitive materials, rubber, dyes, pharmaceutical industry.

The Indian chemical industry is an integral component of Indian economy, contributing around 6.7 per cent of the Indian GDP. With Asia's growing contribution to the global chemical industry, India emerges as one of the focus destinations for chemical companies worldwide. This book will be a mile stone for its readers who are new to this sector, will also find useful for professionals, entrepreneurs, those studying and researching in this important area.

1. Acetophenone Compound Is Used Extensively In The Preparation **Of Perfumes** Three Parts Of Molecule May Be Involved In **Chemical Reactions** Carbide's Acetophenone Is Intermediate In **Continuous Styrene Process Oxidation Step Yields Mixture Of Acetophenone** And Phenylmethylcarbinol Caustic Neutralizes About 98% Of Acid Formed During Oxidation Ethylbenzene Is Recycled: Acetophenone And Phenylmethylcarbinol Mixture Is Refined Purification Includes Dehydrogenation And Further Distillation Freezing Point Determinations Are Important In Process Control Adequate Provision Are Made To Ensure Safety Of Workers

2. Alcohols By Sodium Reduction High Pressure Process Sodium Reduction Process Description Of Process Chemical Control Instrumentation And Control Safety Provisions Hot Oil-Circulating System Materials Of Construction

## 3. Alletrhin

Efforts Made To Develop Synthetic Insecticide Having Same Desirable Properties In Pyrethrum Allethrin, An Oily Liquid, Consists Of A Mixture Of Eight Optically Active Isomers First Series Of Chemical Reactions Involves Synthesis Of Allethrolone Atmospheric Distillation Employed In Purification Of Crude Allyl Acetone Ethyl-3-Oxo-6-Heptenoate Is Saponified At Room Temperature With Potassium Hydroxide Vacuum Operation Minimizes The Thermal Breakdown Of Allethrolone Preparation Of Chrysanthemum Acid Chloride Is Second Major Phase Of Allethrin Synthesis Nickel Catalyst Aids Hydrogenation Of The 2,5-Dimethylhexyne-2,5-Diol Ethyl Glycine Hydrochloride Is An Intermediate In The Preparation Of The Ethyl Diazoacetate Aqueous Phase Extraction With Ether Recovers Ethyl Diazoacetate Distillation Of Ethyl Chrysanthemumate Is Carried Out At 10-Mm Pressure Reaction Of Chrysanthemum Acid Chloride And Allethrolone Produces The Final Product Either One Of Two Standard Methods May Be Used In Analysis Of Allethrin Future Market For Allethrin Depends On Developmental Programs Now In Progress

4. Amyl Compounds From Pentane Sharples History
Fundamental Chemistry
Production Of Amyl Compounds
Corrosion
Safety
Control
Economics
Future Prospects

5. Anthracene Introduction Properties Uses And Applications Industrial Prospects Process Of Manufacture Apparatus Thermometer Procedure

Barium Potassium Chromate Pigment Manufacturing Procedure Proposed Production Plant
Field Performance
Future Of Chromate Pigments

7. Calcium Cyanamide History Of Calcium Cyanamide Process Chemistry Of Calcium Cyanamide Coke Lime Fluorspar Briquetting Calcium Carbide Production Calcium Cyanamide Production Calcium Cyanamide Production Calcium Cyanamide Milling Auxiliary Equipment Chemical Control Safety Precautions Present Markets Future

Calcium Magnesium Aconitate
 Srrl Pioneered Initial Laboratory Studies
 Usda Operated First Pilot Plant At New Orleans
 Godchaux Plant Processes B Molasses And Blackstrap Molasses
 Aconitate Precipitation Includes Dilution, Liming And Crystallization
 Solids Separation Is Key Step Of Process
 Aconitate Is Dried By Gas Heated Conveyor Belts

There Are Still Unknown Factors In Aconitate Production Potential Raw Material Supplies Are Practically Unlimited

9. Carboxymethylcellulose

Cmc Is Valuable As Thickener, Stabilizer, And Detergency Improver Solubility Of Cmc Depends On Degree Of Substitution Of Hydroxyl Units Dry Sodium Monochloroacetate React With Alkali Cellulose In German Batch Process Continuous Process Uses Monochloroacetic Acid Other Producers Manufacture Special-Purpose Cmc Wyandottee Produces Technical Grade Cmc From Bleached Solfite Pulp Processing Is Continuous In A Three-Zone Rotary Reactor Pneumatic Atomizers Disperse Monochloro-Acetic Acid In Reactor Complete Reaction Requires About 3 Hours Flash Drying Yields Desirable Products Performance Tests Check Product Quality Versatility Of Cmc Assures Its Future

10. Carotene And Chlorophyll: Commercial Chromatographic Production
Preparation
Adsorption
Finishing
Production
Future Prospects

11. Chemical Explosives & Rocket Propellants Introduction Definition **Chemistry Of Combustion** Fig 1. The Fire Safety Triangle **Historical Development Classification Of Explosives Explosives Manufacturing** Tnt (2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene) Rdx And Hmx Hns (2,2'4,4',6,6'-Hexanitrostilbene) Tatb (1,3,5-Triamino-2,4,6-Trinitrobenzene) Ddnp (2-Diazo-4,6-Dinitrophenol) Petn (Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate) Ng (Nitroglycerin Or Glyercol Trinitrate) Dynamite Slurry And Emulsion Explosives **Rocket Propellants Principles Of Rocket Propulsion** Types Of Propellants Solid Propellants Single And Double-Base Propellants **Composite Propellants Propellant Use Criteria Composite Propellant Manufacture** Liquid Propellants **Physical Properties** Liquid Oxidizers Liquid Fuels

Monopropellants Gelled Propellants

12. Chemicals From Acetaldehyde
Steps In Development Of Acetaldehyde Process
The Hoechst Plant
Outlook
Acetaldehyde To Acetic Acid
Acetic Acid Process
Acetaldehyde To Ethyl Acetate
Butyl Acetate
Methoxybutylacetate

13. Chemicals From Fats
Chemical Nature Of Fats And Fatty Acids
Chemistry Of Fat And Fatty Acid Processing
Developments By Armour
Processing Of Fatty Acids
Auxiliary Installations
Chemical Control
Products And Their Uses

14. Chemicals From Milk
Raw Material
Processing
Casein
Milk Protein Powder
Caseinates
Whey Proteins
Milk Sugar
Casein Hydrolyzates
Tyrosin Production
Packaging
Materials Of Construction

15. Chemicals From Oranges
Juice Products Require Top Grade Fruit
Three Types Of Extractors Remove The Juice
Frozen Concentrate Represents An Increasing Outlet For Orange Growers
Oil-Bearing Liquors Pressed From Orange Peel Yield Orange Oil
Meal And Molasses Are Produced From Peel Not Used In Pectin Production After Oil Extraction
Several Types Of Pectin May Be Hydrolyzed From Orange Peel 306
Citrus Peel Is Source Of Bioflavonoids Or "Vitamin P" Material 308
Proper Design Of Processing Plant And Equipment Limits Juice Spoilage And Product
Contamination
Plant Waste Waters Operate Disposal Farm
Seasonal Nature Of Operations Is Important Factor In Citrus Processing

16. Chemicals From WoodHistory Of Marathon ProcessChemistry Of Marathon's Lignosulfonates

Spent Liquor From 50,000 Tons Of Pulp Fate Of Calcium Lignosulfonate (Organic Precipitate) Vanillin Process Effluent Vanillin Effluent A Vanillin Effluent B Salts Of Organic Acids Operating Technology

17. Chloroquine ManufactureProcess DevelopmentPlant ProcessProduct HandlingControl

18. Dye Application, Manufacture Of Dye Intermediates & Dye Introduction **Textile Fibers Natural Fibers Regenerated Fibers** Synthetic Fibres **Dye Classification** Acid Dyes **Basic Or Cationic Dyes Direct Dyes Disperse Dyes Reactive Dyes** Sulfur Dyes Vat Dyes Combinations The Application Of Dyes **Fiber Preparation Dye-Bath Preparation** Finishing Dyeing Methods/Batch Printing **Pigment Dyeing And Printing** Nontextile Uses Of Dyes **Dye Intermediates** Nitration Reduction The Manufacture Of Dyes Nitro Dyes Azo Dyes Manufacturing Processes For Azo Dyes **Triphenylmethane Dyes** Xanthene Dyes Anthraquinone And Related Dyes Sulfur Dyes Phthalocyanines New Development In Dyes

19. Fine Chemicals From Coal

Chattanooga Plant Of Tennessee Products And Chemical Corporation Benzoic Acid And Sodium Benzoate Benzene Hexachloride Toluene-Acid Recovery System Utilities And Instrumentation Future Prospects

20. Formaldehyde From Methanol Manufacturing Processes Commercial Processes Using Methanol Other Processes Methanol Air Supply Reaction Catalyst Absorption Distillation Start-Up Instrumentation Analytical Control

21. Granulated Fertilizers By Continuous Ammoniation Chemistry Enters The Field From Batch To Continuous Operation Many Variables Affect Granulation The Ball Starts Rolling Gravimetric Feeders Control Solids Ammoniation And Granulation In One Step Design Changes Have Been Recommended Technology Is Changing

22. Granulated Triple Superphosphate Large Deposits Of Phosphate Rock In Florida Chemistry Of The Process Phosphoric Acid And Rock React Waste Disposal Phosphate Rock Reacts With Sulfuric Acid. Utilities Fume And Dust Control Analytical And Quality Control Maintenance And Repair Materials And Labor Required Typical Analyses Of Rock Typical Product Analyses Corrosion

23.Hydroquinone Manufacture Preparation Of Quinone Quinone Separation Reduction To Hydroquinone Purification Of Hydroquinone Safety Precautions Laboratory Tests Uses Of Hydroquinone Hydroquinone Derivatives And The Future

## About NIIR

**NIIR PROJECT CONSULTANCY SERVICES (NPCS)** is a reliable name in the industrial world for offering integrated technical consultancy services. NPCS is manned by engineers, planners, specialists, financial experts, economic analysts and design specialists with extensive experience in the related industries.

Our various services are: Detailed Project Report, Business Plan for Manufacturing Plant, Startup Ideas, Business Ideas for Entrepreneurs, Start up Business Opportunities, entrepreneurship projects, Successful Business Plan, Industry Trends, Market Research, Manufacturing Process, Machinery, Raw Materials, project report, Cost and Revenue, Pre-feasibility study for Profitable Manufacturing Business, Project Identification, Project Feasibility and Market Study, Identification of Profitable Industrial Project Opportunities, Business Opportunities, Investment Opportunities for Most Profitable Business in India, Manufacturing Business Ideas, Preparation of Project Profile, Pre-Investment and Pre-Feasibility Study, Market Research Study, Preparation of Techno-Economic Feasibility Report, Identification and Section of Plant, Process, Equipment, General Guidance, Startup Help, Technical and Commercial Counseling for setting up new industrial project and Most Profitable Small Scale Business.

NPCS also publishes varies process technology, technical, reference, self employment and startup books, directory, business and industry database, bankable detailed project report, market research report on various industries, small scale industry and profit making business. Besides being used by manufacturers, industrialists and entrepreneurs, our publications are also used by professionals including project engineers, information services bureau, consultants and project consultancy firms as one of the input in their research.

Our Detailed Project report aims at providing all the critical data required by any entrepreneur vying to venture into Project. While expanding a current business or while venturing into new business, entrepreneurs are often faced with the dilemma of zeroing in on a suitable product/line.

NIIR PROJECT CONSULTANCY SERVICES, 106-E, Kamla Nagar, New Delhi-110007, India. Email: <a href="mailto:npcs.india@gmail.com">npcs.india@gmail.com</a> Website: <a href="mailto:NIIR.org">NIIR.org</a>

Fri, 09 May 2025 05:56:49 +0000