## Lubricating Oils, Greases and Petroleum Products Manufacturing Handbook

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Lubricating oils are specially formulated oils that reduce friction between moving parts and help maintain mechanical parts. Lubricating oil is a thick fatty oil used to make the parts of a machine move smoothly.

The lubricants market is growing due to the growing automotive industry, increased consumer awareness and government regulations regarding lubricants. Lubricants are used in vehicles to reduce friction, which leads to a longer lifespan and reduced wear and tear on the vehicles. The growth of lubricants usage in the automotive industry is mainly due to an increasing demand for heavy duty vehicles and light passenger vehicles, and an increase in the average lifespan of the vehicles. As saving conventional resources and cutting emissions and energy have become central environmental matters, the lubricants are progressively attracting more consumer awareness.

Greases are made by using oil (typically mineral oil) and mixing it with thickeners (such as lithium-based soaps). They may also contain additional lubricating particles, such as graphite, molybdenum disulfide, or polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE, aka Teflon). White grease is made from inedible hog fat and has a low content of free fatty acids. Yellow grease is made from darker parts of the hog and may include parts used to make white grease. Brown grease contains beef and mutton fats as well as hog fats. Synthetic grease may consist of synthetic oils containing standard soaps or may be a mixture of synthetic thickeners, or bases, in petroleum oils. Silicones are greases in which both the base and the oil are synthetic.

Asia-Pacific represents the largest and the fastest growing market, with volume sales projected to grow at a CAGR of 5% over the analysis period. Automotive lubricants represents the largest product market, with engine oils generating a major chunk of the revenues. The market for industrial lubricants is supported by the huge demand for industrial engine oils and growing consumption of process oils.

The major content of the book are Food and Technical Grade White Oils and Highly Refined Paraffins, Base Oils from Petroleum, Formulation of Automotive Lubricants, Lubricating Grease, Aviation Lubricants, Formulation and Structure of Lubricating Greases, Marine Lubricants, Industrial Lubricants, Refining of Petroleum, Lubricating Oils, Greases and Solid Lubricants, Refinery Products, Crude Distillation and Photographs of Machinery with Suppliers Contact Details.

This book will be a mile stone for its readers who are new to this sector, will also find useful for professionals, entrepreneurs, those studying and researching in this important area.

1. Food and Technical Grade White Oils and Highly Refined Paraffins

1. WHITE OILS Introduction 2. MANUFACTURE BY ACID TREATMENT 3. HYDROTREATMENT PROCESSES Introduction Second-Stage Operation Products Product Specifications for Polynuclear Aromatics 4. REFINED WAXES 2. Base Oils from Petroleum 1. INTRODUCTION 2. BASE OIL COMPOSITION •Components of Crude Oil •Characteristics of the Hydrocarbons for Lubricant Performance •Crude Oil Selection for Base Oil Manufacture 3. PRODUCTS AND SPECIFICATIONS Introduction •Physical Properties - Viscosity •Chemical Properties - Oxidation •Base Oil Categories: Paraffinics •Safety of Petroleum Base Oils 4. CONVENTIONAL BASE OIL MANUFACTURING METHODS •Historic Methods •Base Oil Manufacture in a Modern Refinery •Base Oil Production Economics Distillation •De-asphalting Solvent Extraction •Solvent De-waxing •Finishing 5. MODERN CATALYTIC PROCESSES •Severe Hydrotreatment •Special Base Oils from Hydrocracking •Special Base Oils by Wax Isomerisation Catalytic De-waxing •lso-De-waxing 6. CATEGORISATION OF BASE OILS 3. Formulation of Automotive Lubricants 1. INTRODUCTION 2. PASSENGER CAR ENGINE OILS •Passenger Car Engine Types •Passenger Car Trends and Emission Legislation •Formulation and Functions of a Passenger Car Engine Oil (PCEO) Lubricant Formulation Trends •Passenger Car Lubricant Specifications and Evaluating Lubricant Performance 3. Heavy-Duty Diesel Engine Oils •Heavy-Duty Trends and Emission Legislation •Heavy-Duty Engine Strategies Applied to **Reduce Exhaust Emissions** 4. MOTORCYCLES AND SMALL ENGINES Introduction Overview of Two-Stroke Lubricants

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•Four-Stroke Motorcycle Lubricants-Overview

•Four-Stroke Motorcycle Specifications

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•Emissions and the Future

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4. APPLICATIONS •Introduction •Grease as a Lubricant •Grease as a Sealant •Grease as a

Matrix •Grease as a Corrosion Inhibitor •Benefits of Grease

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•Lubrication of Conventional Aircraft Piston Engines

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•General Description •Industrial Turbine Lubricants

6. METALWORKING LUBRICANTS

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7. SPECIALITIES • Process Oils • Textile Oils • Slide Way Oils • Cylinder Oils • Other Lubricants and related Products

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